TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

WE NEVER CHEAPEN quality in order to cheapen goods at the Peoples' Popular Prescription Pharmacy.
C. E. JONES,
36 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 19 — VICTORIA B. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1894. — No. 288

Everybody Wants a Purse

And a purse makes a very nice present for the holidays. Besides we have Card Cases, combination Purse and Card Case, Cigar and Cigarette Cases in Seal, Russia, Morroco, Alligator (different colors), all silver mounted and marked for small profits and quick sales.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
47 Government Street.

RECEIVED THIS DAY....
Monday, 26th Nov., 1894,
12 Packages
.....CONTAINING.....
Misses and Children's Jackets
ALSO New Styles in Capes,
Waterproofs, Jackets, Etc.
The Westside J. HUTCHESON & CO.

C. H. STICKELS .... ROOMS: 19 to 22 .... Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. ..
Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

DO WE
A. Gregg & Son, TAILORS, 62 Yates St.
Number you among our patrons?
If not WHY NOT?

MONSTER AUCTION SALE
-OF-
Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
The entire stock must be sold to the highest bidder without reserve. Sale commences FRIDAY, November 23rd, at 2:30 and 7:30 p.m. and continuing daily until sold. Don't forget the place.
49 GOVERNMENT STREET, OPPOSITE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BANK OF MONTREAL.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.
From the 1st January, 1895, and till further notice the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent (3%) per annum.
A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.
Victoria, Nov. 28, 1894.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR

The Steamship Victoria Makes a Splendid Trip Across the Pacific Ocean.

Corea in a Disturbed State—The Sydney Affair—England's Complaint.

The Northern Pacific liner Victoria, Captain Panton, arrived here this morning at 7.30 o'clock, after a splendid passage of 13 days 10 hours across the Pacific. She left Hong Kong on November 6th, Shanghai November 10th, Kobe November 15th, and arrived at Yokohama November 16th. She remained there until the afternoon of the 17th, when she sailed for Victoria. The trip across the Pacific was singularly beautiful, the weather being bright and clear and the winds light and favorable. She crossed the meridian on November 23 at 4 a.m. The smallest day's run was 297 miles and the best 324. The vessel was not being forced and was only sent along at ordinary speed. She brought 3000 tons of general freight and had to refuse several hundred tons for lack of space to carry it. She has 500 tons for Victoria, which she is discharging to-day. She has eight cabin passengers, who are as follows:

Donald Fraser, manager of the Yokohama branch of the Bank of China, who is on his way home to England on a vacation; A. E. McClew, of Kobe; Benjamin S. Ragner, a missionary from Shanghai, and Mr. and Mrs. Vita and three children. Twenty-eight Chinese and fifty Japanese came over, and all except seven of the former and all of the latter left the vessel here. The Victoria arrived here a day before she was expected, and none except Mr. Connon and Dr. Macnaughton Jones were quite ready to receive her. The longshoremen to work ship were not all on hand, and Agent Pritchard and Pilot Gatter had not arived from Tacoma to meet the vessel. The Victoria will not leave for the Sound until to-morrow morning, as the quarantine officer at Port Townsend will only inspect foreign vessels in daylight.

The ship brought Oriental war news up to November 17th. At that time there were all sorts of rumors afloat as to Port Arthur, but as the cable has already apprised the western world it had not then been captured. The war was not progressing so rapidly as had heretofore been the case. Meanwhile Corea remains in a very disorganized state, and outbreaks of the Tonghaks are being suppressed by the Japanese troops.

No trouble is expected to result from the affair of the Sydney. The United States government is understood to regard the action of Japan as justifiable on grounds of self-defence, and Great Britain coincides, although some form of explanation or apology may be deemed desirable. France has taken a less easy view of the situation, but is not disposed to make serious difficulties. Her opinion appears to be that the exigency was not sufficiently alarming to call for so grave a measure as the removal of passengers from a French mail steamship. Later developments undoubtedly indicate that the self-declared explosive experts were irresponsible speculators, if not imposters; but the earliest information concerning them pointed to a very different conclusion. Reports were received connecting Col. Fred Grant with the undertaking, and his name carried with it a weight which would not have been accorded to unknown adventurers. It is well known that Li Hung Chang holds the memory of General Grant in reverence, and he would presumably have been disposed to place unusual resources at the disposal of a party representing his son. The sums alleged to have been promised to Colonel Grant, and to have been actually advanced to his agents, corresponded exactly with those set forth by the travellers on the Gaelic and Sydney. Taking these and other correlative facts into consideration, the Japanese government believed itself under the necessity of guarding against a threatened danger. The French diplomatic and consular officials were powerless to intervene, even had they been inclined to do so, and relying upon the authorized rulings of international law, Japan availed herself of what she claimed as a belligerent right. The American passengers were released on November 12th, after taking oaths not to aid China in any manner and expressing in writing their gratitude for the leniency of their treatment by the Japanese government. The Chinese attache of the legation at Washington was sent to Hiroshima for further examination.

Affairs in Corea appear to be in a very sad state. The interference of Japan to put everything to right, appears to have had the contrary effect by putting everything wrong. Anarchy stalks at large throughout the southern part of the kingdom. We are told of armies of malcontents ranging from 20,000 to 50,000 strong. The entire population may be said to be hostile to the occupation of the Japanese, and though the wretched king, who is as plastic clay in the hands of the potter, to be moulded at will, has been directed to issue an edict that everyone is to be beheaded who sympathizes with the Tong-haks, or who molests the Japanese, but small heed is likely to be paid to such a sweeping order, for if it were possible to carry it out, Corea would lose a very heavy percentage of its male population. However, we think, the Japanese friends of the country will more or less try their hands at carrying into effect, what most persons simply regard to be their own order, issued via the king. November was ushered in by the assassination of Kin Kaku U, vice-president of the new law department. This murder has made a considerable sensation in the capital. He was identified with the progressive, that is, the Japanese party, and his savage taking off is said to be regarded as a practical protest against Japanese reforms in general. After this, Japanese policemen have been stationed in the immediate vicinity of the residences of the leaders of the new party, the anti-Mings.

The particulars relative to the assassination of Kin Kaku U, are these. On the 31st ultimo, at about 8 p.m., while Kin was conversing with three of his friends in his room, a person entered and said he wished to speak on important business, and after he had ascertained which of them was the vice-minister, the intruder gave a signal, and seven men rushed into the room with drawn swords, first a cut was made at one of Kin's visitors, and then the seven together attacked Kin Kaku U, dispatching him in a few minutes. The three visitors were also cut at but escaped. As soon as the cries of murder were heard, the other inmates of the house came forth, but all lights being extinguished, these could discover nothing in the darkness. In the meantime the assassins effected their escape, and shortly afterwards Corean police officers arrived on the spot, but no trace could be discovered of the assassins. Upon the news reaching the legation and consulate, these sent out a student interpreter and police officers. A Japanese naval surgeon was also called in but nothing could be done for the victim. The cause of this assassination is attributed to the animosity felt against Kin by the Conservative party, Kin Kaku U being an extremely energetic and upright member of the progressive party.

Fire on the 12th instant, in the Hiroshima barracks, resulted in a large loss of life. Apparently, the soldiers occupying the upper stories were unfortunately cognizant when too late of their perilous position, and as the flames later enveloped the whole building, were unable to escape their terrible misfortune. Thirty-eight non-commissioned officers and soldiers, who were in the second and third stories when the conflagration commenced, were burned to death, with 34 injured, 10 of them severely. The unfortunate men were of the 5th company of the 9th regiment of infantry.

The number of vessels purchased by the Nipon Yusen Kaisha, since the outbreak of the war, is 26. When peace is restored, the company contemplate the opening of some fresh lines of steamers, availing of this large addition to their fleet. As a first step, the Yusen Kaisha have resolved to run steamers to

(Continued on Page 8.)

CHEST PROTECTORS
AN ELEGANT LINE.
LATEST DESIGNS.
LOWEST PRICES.
COCHRANE & MUNN, - Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A furnished front room. Address "Room," Times office. n30-3t

LOST—On or about October 4th, a water spaniel. Any person harboring same after this notice will be prosecuted. Return to No. 80 North Chatham street. 30-1t

FOUND—A spaniel pup about four months old. Owner can have by proving property and paying expenses. Apply at Times office. n30-1t

THE BLUE BOOK—Persons desiring information as to the forthcoming British Columbia Blue Book can obtain same of Frank McIntyre, at Hotel Victoria. 3t

HAVING LEASED THE LONDON BLOCK, cor. Johnson and Broad streets, I am prepared to let rooms by the day or week at reasonable rates. Mrs. M. Walker, proprietress. nov30-6t

EASTERN TURKEYS—At Ideal Provision Store, 64 Fort street. nov30-2t

LOST.—A purse containing two $5 bills, one U. S.; also some silver. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to this office.

TO BE LET or leased the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, in good running order; will shortly be vacant; a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora Avenue, City. n1-1m

LADIES' OF ST. JAMES CHURCH
AT HOME!
ST. JAMES HALL, JAMES BAY.
On Tuesday, December 4, from 2 till 6.
Sale of Work. Afternoon Tea, 10c. nov30-4t

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between John Coltart and Louis H. Jenns, under the firm name of Coltart & Jenns, 72 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved from the 23rd day of November, 1894, by mutual consent, Mr. L. H. Jenns retiring from the said firm. The business of the Atlas Assurance Co., and the United Fire Insurance Co. will in future be carried on at 72 Government street by myself. All accounts due by the said firm of Coltart and Jenns will be settled on presentation to me, and all debts owing must be paid to me.

JOHN COLTART.

November 29, 1894. nov30-1m

THE NICARAGUAN TROUBLE

Mosquito Indians Abandon Their Claim to Independence of Nicaragua.

British Government Did Not Admit That Their Consul Was in the Wrong.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—The suddenly modified attitude of Great Britain towards Nicaragua is attributable, in the opinion of naval officers, solely to the positive determination of the United States to maintain its anounced principles through the mobilization of warships if necessary rather than by recourse to the slow and unsatisfactory methods of diplomacy hitherto employed.

Dr. Guzman, the Nicaraguan minister, has received a cablegram from the president of the republic which in the minister's opinion settles the trouble in Nicaragua so far as the Mosquito Indians are concerned. Dr. Guzman's cable states that a convention of Mosquito Indians at Bluefields unanimously agreed to abandon their claim to the independence of Nicaragua and incorporate themselves in future as citizens of the republic.

The cruiser Columbia arrived at Caimanera, Cuba, November 28. It is deemed probable that the Columbia's arrival at this out of the way Cuban port would not have been announced to-day had not the entire complexion of the latest Nicaraguan complications undergone such a marked change. Caimanera is the only port in Cuba which has no consul resident, consequently it is the only port where the Columbia's arrival would fall under the rule which requires the British consular officers to report by cable the movements of all foreign warships.

London, Nov. 30.—It is authoritatively stated here that there is no truth in the statement that the English government had admitted that its minister to Bluefields had exceeded his powers with regard to the Bluefields incident and that he would be recalled.

LTE CABLE NEWS.

Comment on the Recent Elections in the United States.

London, Nov. 30.—A Rome dispatch says the finance committee of Cardinals have presented to the Pope the papal budget for the ensuing year showing a reduction in expenditure of twelve thousand pounds.

It is announced that the commander of the vessel bringing home the Vatican exhibits at the World's Fair will deliver to the Pope an autographic letter from Cleveland. He will be received with honors accorded extraordinary ambassadors from great powers.

In the central criminal court to-day Col. Jacques, agent for the American claimants to the Townley estate was sentenced to 20 months imprisonment with hard labor.

The Pope has given instructions that solemn funeral services for the repose of the souls of his parents shall take place two weeks hence in the church of St. Stinnate where the mother of the sovereign pontiff is buried. A large number of cardinals, the diplomatic representatives of Spain, Portugal and Brazil, heads of religious orders, deputations of the two branches of the Pecci family and delegations of various municipal bodies will take part in the service.

The Radical Weekly Times and Echo after having perused the reasons advanced by politicians of both parties in the United States for the overthrow of Democracy confesses itself unable to satisfy its own mind on the subject. It say: "It is impossible for anyone to estimate rightly the real causes of this swinging back to Republicanism. Whether the voters, sick of the present state of things, simply wanted a change; or that the majority are still protectionists at heart and resent the passing of the Wilson tariff; or that Mr. Cleveland's personal popularity is waning and that the Democrats with him, is as yet, perhaps, uncertain. The return of fourteen Populists, or members of the People's Party, is so far satisfactory. They are as fair counterparts of our own Socialists or Independent Labor party men, as it is at present possible to find in America, but, except for propaganda purposes they are hardly likely to be able to effect much in congress. One significant instance is the strength of the women vote in Denver. Thirty thousand female voters have been recorded in that state, a certain proof that woman's indifference to politics is not true, at any rate, so far as Denver is concerned."

The Eastern War.

London, Nov. 30.—A Cheefoo dispatch asserts that terms of peace between Japan and China have been very nearly completed, through the intervention of the United States government, and that the feeling of security is now so strong that many foreign ladies are returning to Pekin.

Shanghai, Nov. 30.—The defeats sustained by the Chinese are generally attributed by them to the influence of the German advisers of Li Hung Chang. Repairs on the warship Chen Yuen, which recently went ashore near Wei-Hai-Wei, have already been begun.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

Omissions in Lord Ripon's Exchange of Views With Copyright Deputation.

General Booth of Salvation Army Sends His Congratulations to the Czar.

London, Nov. 29.—Arnold Foster, M. P., has written to the Times to direct its attention to important omissions from its report of Lord Ripon's exchange of views with the copyright deputation on Tuesday. Lord Ripon, he says, expressed his willingness to submit to Sir John Thompson the arguments of the deputation. Lord Ripon added: "My departmental sympathies are naturally in this question with those colonies I specially represent." Arnold Foster comments: "This is a remarkable declaration, and it startled the other delegates besides myself. If a secretary of state appears in the cabinet as an avowed advocate, prejudiced in behalf of his Canadian clients, it seems high time that British authors and publishers should find another channel to convey their views, inasmuch as if the Canadian views be accepted the property of British authors will be in jeopardy in Canada, and still more so in Australia and the United States."

A Bombay dispatch says: In consequence of the serious news from Waziristan another large force from various regiments has been ordered to Baraxismail, and others have been warned to be in readiness. Dispatches state that the Wairis are pouring into Baddarshkar to join Chieftain Powiadah, who is rousing the country against the British.

It is reported that at the czar's instance a bill to introduce elementary education throughout Russia is being prepared.

The Daily News correspondent in Odessa says: As to the report of the czarewitch's death nothing official is known. It is stated that the grief and excitement caused by his father's death overtaxed his wasted constitution. The city is depressed.

M. Girard, manager of the Dix-Uenvieme Siecle, has been arrested in Paris. He is reported to be implicated in the case of blackmail which came to light several days ago.

The Daily News correspondent in Vienna says: "The socialists have arranged meetings in nineteen districts for the evening of December 2. They will discuss Prince Windischgratz's declaration on the suffrage question, and afterwards will parade, if permitted, in the Ring strasse. In view of the great excitement in the city the latter probably will be prohibited. A stormy time is expected.

The Hamburger Nachrichten, Berlin, says in a leader on the Koelnishch Zeitung's attack upon England: We only hope that these expressions reflect official opinions. Had such opinions prevailed at the time of the Zanzibar treaty the encroachments and chicanery practiced by England towards Germany never would have occurred. We do not attach any importance to England's courting Russian favor; the contrasts between their respective interests are too great for a mutual understanding. English statesmen always understand how to flatter those from whom they hope to receive benefits. English assurances are nowhere better appreciated for what they are worth than in Russia."

Letters from Sierra Leone show that the brush between the British steamship Ambrix and the Liberian officials was greatly exaggerated. Only four or five persons were killed, and they were Liberians.

The following dispatch was wired to the czar of Russia by General Booth on Tuesday: "The Salvation Army throughout the world greets your majesty, expresses its sympathy in your recent bereavement, and offers up fervent prayers that your majesty may have a happy and a holy union and a long reign of usefulness and benevolence." On Wednesday General Booth received a reply as follows: "I am deeply touched by your kind greetings and good wsihes. (Signed) Nicholas."

The regular semi-annual meeting of the shareholders of the Trust and Loan company of Canada was held this afternoon. The attendance was small. Some of the holders criticised the practice of writing the company's investments up or down according to their current market value instead of keeping them at cost price. The chairman, in answer to these criticisms, said that it would require a fuller meeting to deal with the matter.

The stock exchange was greatly excited to-day in consequence of the extraordinary influence of dealers from other markets. The influence was especially noticeable in the transactions of the American dealers, who were principally interested in the mining markets.

A SMOOTH SWINDLER.

He Succeeds in Getting a Good-Sized Cheque from a Bishop.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 29.—Some time ago Bishop Lawrence received a letter dated "The Palace, Norwich, England," and signed "J. Norwich," which is the title of the Bishop of Norwich, in which the Boston divine was requested to interest himself in the welfare of Gerard Turnour, who had left England owing to the vagaries of a woman and might be in need of funds. Lady Russell, at whose suggestion the bishop had written, was desirous of assisting Turnour and would place one thousand dollars at his disposal. A few days afterwards Gerard Turnour made his appearance at the bishop's house and introduced himself. He was aristocratic looking, well educated and a smooth talker. He won the bishop over and was soon in possession of a cheque for $250. Bishop Lawrence took his newly found friend to the Union club and made much of him, and made an engagement for the following Thursday to have him dine there. When Thursday came, however, the man did not appear, and then a doubt began to cross the bishop's mind that something was wrong. He wrote to the Bishop of Norwich, and received the reply that no such person as Lady Russell had requested him to write to Massachusetts and that he did not know Turnour. The swindler is desribed as an Englishman, thirty or thirty-five years old, weighing about two hundred pounds, blonde light moustache, animated and rather nervous. When laughing he showed a coarse mouth and teeth. He was well dressed; wore a tall hat, with a tweed suit and a handsome overcoat.

FATAL LAND SLIDE.

Wharves and Buildings at Tacoma Slip into the Bay.

Tacoma, Nov. 29.—A section of "made" land about three hundred yards long and 60 feet by 20 wide, slid into the bay at the Northern Pacific docks at 11:10 o'clock last night. The avalanche of earth struck the Puget Sound warehouse on the dock, tearing away and demolishing about 45 feet of the structure, including the freight office of the Northern Pacific. The pumping house next to the warehouse was also carried away and went into the bay with a crash.

A young woman named Ellen Duff, who was in the path of the landslide, was carried into the bay and either killed or drowned. John Hansen was also killed by the slide. A small house north of the dock was occupied by H. H. Alger and family, who were asleep at the time. The house was overturned and the six members of the family were rescued.

The pump house caught fire and an alarm of fire was turned in and the flames were extinguished. Help from the steamers in the bay was a long time in coming and there was a scene of indescribable confusion.

Further north and directly adjacent to the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's office another piece of land about forty feet square was washed away by the return swell of the waves caused by the first immense body of earth tumbling in to the water. The waves were at least 15 feet high and caused a good deal of damage along the water front on either side of the dock for a long distance. The damage will amount to at least $4000.

Another report says the slide was caused by a tidal wave.

GOV. TILLMAN'S ADDRESS.

He Contends That the Dispensary Law is a Popular One.

Columbia, S. C., Nov. 29.—Governor Tillman's message was read before the legislature to-day. Speaking of the dispensary law, Governor Tillman says: "I speak advisedly when I say that no new and untried experiment in legislation has ever made so many friends in so short a time or takes such deep root in the popular heart. The law has come to stay.

"Some of the newspapers began early in January to educate the public mind to resistance of the searching of private dwellings, and men were taught to believe that this was an invasion of their liberties, to which they should not submit. It is needless to show the fallacy of this contention, because it is readily seen that if a man may turn his private dwelling into a den from which he can sell liquor, or a depot from which to supply it, without the right to search and seize it under a warrant, the law would be a nullity."

"Of lynch law he says: "The law's delay has been a theme for the animadversion and anathemas of men from time immemorial, and it appears to me that South Carolina has the best system of laws and rules of court to enable men to shirk the gallows that can possibly exist anywhere. The consequence is that the people have lost all patience and almost faith in the administration of justice. This lamentable and disgraceful condition is the direct and almost sole cause for the prevalence of lynch law in our midst."

WAR IS DECLARED.

Members of the W. C. T. U. Start the Crusade Against Living Pictures.

Boston, Nov. 29.—Lady Henry Somerset is in Boston with Miss Willard. She said to-day: "The report cabled over that I had come to this country this time on purpose to wage war against living pictures, so-called, is absolutely untrue." Lady Somerset added that she would be in full sympathy with what the women of the W. C. T. U. might do in an effort to stop these exhibitions. "I allow the American women to fight this matter out on their grounds," she said, "I shall only hope to sympathize with and help them all I can." Members of the W. C. T. U. have already begun battle against these exhibitions in Washington, Cleveland and Pittsburg. In Pittsburg they have applied to the aldermen to stop the exhibition of pictures that are indecent, that is, those that are nearly nude. "A picture of nude may be beautifully idealistic," said Lady Somerset, "and when treated purely and simply such a subject represents the most wonderful work of God, and may be an inspiration indeed to all that is good and beautiful. But those cheap human representations of nude in art are demoralizing and suggestive of anything but purity."

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully

To swear or not to swear—that is the question
Whether 'tis nobler in the mind to grin and bear
With a box of spluttering matches,
Or to take arms against th' imposing grocer
And with a shot-gun end him? To shoot—to kill—
No more; or with a club to say we make
His back ache, increasing by one the shocks
His flesh is heir to—'tis an ending
Devoutly to be wished. To bluff—to palm—
To palm off worthless matches—ay, there's the rub
For when we ask for Eddy's and are given others—
When we have shuffled off, and with mortal toil
Succeeded in producing a dull light by dint
Of trying half a box of vile odor'd lucifers,
We register a vow to never patronize
Th' unscrupulous man again—or else to see and to insist
On getting E. B. Eddy's Matches.

CHICAGO'S DEBT.

The Windy City Owes Over Twenty Million Dollars.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—The total bonded indebtedness of Chicago, including the $5,000,000 World's Fair bonds, is $18,000,000. This averages about 4 1-2 per cent interest. The floating indebtedness is a matter of dispute. A fair estimate is $3,000,000. It consists of money borrowed in anticipation of the revenue from judgments and the juggling of moneys from one fund to another. The present embarrassment is caused by the accumulation of debts from previous administrations. Where appropriations were not sufficient money was borrowed and the deficit has reached such proportions that Mayor Hopkins has been compelled to confront it. The total debt of the city when compared with the assessed valuation shows Chicago to be as well off as any of the large cities. The trouble is that three sets of town officers are required to do what one set accomplish in other cities. Tax dodging and queer work in the assessor's office have been proven. These are the chief reasons why the revenue is not growing.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

News Received by Wire from all Parts of the World.

Herbert F. Bingham, the British consul at Greytown, who was deprived of his exequatur at the time of the Bluefield incident, has been transferred to Costa Rica, a more important position. This was his reward for refusing to return to Greytown until Seelaya government apologized.

The American residents of the European cities celebrated Thanksgiving day with banquets and other festivities.

Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, who has been deputized to represent English stockholders in a series of conferences with the directors of the Central Pacific railroad, has arrived at New York.

Lord Aberdeen arrived at New York yesterday.

The Brisbane government will float a loan of two million pounds sterling at 3 1-2 per cent. for the conversion of higher priced government securities. The premier hopes thus to save twenty-two thousand pounds.

The Mackenzie motion of no confidence proposed on Nov. 23, was defeated in the South Australian assembly by a vote of 53 to 22.

The San Francisco Morning Call and Evening Bulletin have been ordered to be sold by private sale. This arose out of trouble among the owners.

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back

Appetite and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. Chas. Steele
St. Catherine's, Ont.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and

I Feel Like a New Man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever I did, and enjoy perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla." CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.

83 Douglas St.

SOME REAL BARGAINS!

We have bought a manufacturer's lot of Sample Umbrellas at a discount of 30 per cent. so we can sell you cheap Umbrellas.

. . . ALSO . . .

A manufacturer's lot of sample carpets. We can give you pieces of Carpet worth $1.50 for 50c.

A Complete Stock in Every Department at Reasonable Prices.

J. Horner & Co.

HOTELS, ETC.

The Hotel Victoria!

Is daily becoming more popular under the management of

E. ESCALET.

Now that the house has been put into good shape, local people will find that they can get one of the finest meals in the city, and at moderate prices. Special attention is being paid to private dinner parties.

GROCERIES.

CASH!

GO TO JOHNS BROS., FOR

FLOUR,
BRAN,
SHORTS,
CHOP, WHEAT,
ETC.

Best in Quality and Lowest in Prices.

261 DOUGLAS ST.,
Cor. Kings Road.

Just Received . . .

New Orleans Molasses,
New Raisins,
Toronto Buck-Wheat Flour,
Lipton's Teas,
Glasgow Beef Ham.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 93 Fort St.

What's the Matter With This?

Pratt's Coal Oil	$2.85	Case.
Snow Flake Flour	95	Sack.
Ogilvie's Hungarian	4.50	Barrel.
3 Star	1.10	Sack.
100 lbs. Gran. Sugar	4.75	do
Ex Choice Creamery Butter	39	per lb.
Best Dairy Butter	25	do

And a complete stock of first class groceries at equally low prices at

W. Hazlett's Cash Grocery,
72 Fort Street, near Douglas.
GIVE ME A TRIAL.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

Dentists' Notice.

We, the undersigned dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices on Saturday afternoons after one o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. E. Fostinder, D. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Findley & Baker, S. G. Clemence, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, S. M. Hartman, H. F. Moody. n8-1m

CHINA SUES FOR PEACE.

United States Minster to Act as Intermediary Between the Contending Powers.

Poor Li Hung Chang Blamed for All the Reverses With Which China Has Met.

Washington City, Nov. 29.—China has succumbed to the inevitable and has sued for peace. Her proposal will be presented to Japan through the United States ministers at Pekin and Tokyo, thus promising the termination of the war as the result, in part at least, of the exercises of the good offices of the U.S. It is not possible at this time to learn the terms of China's proposition, as handed to Minister Denby, but it is probable that it provides for but two concessions—a money indemnity and a relinquishment of suzerainty over Corea. It is improbable that the first tender will be accepted by Japan, as such overtures are rarely accepted, but this proposition will open the way to a counter offer of terms by Japan through Minister Dun, and the negotiations, if successful, and if they follow the usual course, will lead first to a truce under a proper guarantee, or a preliminary agreement on a policy, and finally to the definite settlement of peace. Just how this proposition will be brought about is not known yet. It is probable, however, that as the matter is in the hands of the American ministers in China and Japan, the visit of Mr. Dietring, commissioner of maritime affairs at Tientsin, to Japan is not to be directly connected with the peace negotiations, as has been supposed.

Hiroshima, Nov. 29.—News has been received of a battle in the vicinity of Motienlien. The Japanese are said to have lost forty killed and wounded. The Chinese loss is supposed to be immense.

Shanghai, Nov. 29.—A sensation has been caused by a memorial to the throne signed by over 120 high officials, impeaching Li Hung Chang, and charging him with corruption, peculation and deception. The memorial also says that Li Hung Chang rejoiced at the Japanese victories and prevented the Chinese from achieving success. He is said to have represented that China was prepared for war, when he knew the contrary was the case. Li Hung Chang is also said to be implicated with Prince Kung, the emperor's uncle and president of the admiralty, who was recently appointed dictator, and with Taotai Wu, the commander of the Chinese forces at Port Arthur, these officials being accused of high treason and of selling state secrets and war material to the enemy. They are further charged with investing money in Japan, harboring treasonable designs against the Chinese empire, and conspiring to procure the overthrow of China. The memorial demands the instant punishment and dismissal of all concerned in the conspiracy.

Cheefoo, Nov. 29.—Chinese fugitives state that the Japanese sacked Port Arthur, shooting old and young, and that pillage and murder were supreme for three days. The dead were barbarously maltreated, their heads and noses being cut off and nameless atrocities committed. The Japanese soldiers scoured the country for days and killed all the Chinese they could find. The fugitives say that all the streets of Port Arthur as well as the harbor, were filled with dead bodies.

London, Nov. 29.—The silver market is in a state of collapse. The quotation of bar silver to-day is 28 3-8d., which shows a decline of 1-8 from yesterday's closing. The cause of the recent fall and weakness is the reported large Japanes purchases of war material, for which Japan is said to be creating bills on the east, thus diminishing other forms of remitting.

London, Nov. 29.—The correspondent of the Central News at Tokyo telegraphs as follows: "Details of the fall of Port Arthur are now beginning to arrive. The number of Chinese killed in the engagement was about 2000. Most of them were slain during the cannonading of the place on Nov. 20. The statements that there was a further excessive slaughter of Chinese are absolutely denied by the Japanese officer in command. During the attack upon Port Arthur, a large force of Chinese from Foo Chow and beyond Dinchow attacked the latter place, but the Japanese garrison repulsed them after severe fighting with heavy loss to the Chinese. The Japanese loss was 20 killed and 60 wounded, including several officers.

A dispatch to the Central News from Tientsin says that Viceroy Li Hung Chang has postponed his trip to Pao-Ting-Foo and has gone to Taku to inspect the forts there.

The Daily News will reproach Japan again to-morrow for continuing the war, saying: "There is no clear, open, avowed issue between the Chinese and the power which revels in the luxury of hitting them when they are down. No war within our recollection has been continued on such terms."

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Opinion on the New Loan—The Gold Reserve Problem.

New York, Nov. 24.—Although the railroads are now doing a fair business, yet some of them have to take freight at low rates, and in the absence of any special "bull" factor, there is a disposition to let prices drift rather than make any special effort to advance them. The reception given to the new government loan has not yet materially helped other securities. On the one hand there is some diversity of opinion as to the necessity of contracting a new loan in such an awkward form to run for so long a period as ten years. On the other hand, the requirement that the subscription shall be paid in the form of gold has emphasized the discussion about money discrimination, which only increases the confusion on that question and is giving it an imaginary importance beyond what it really possesses. The effect of this sensitiveness about forms of money is, first, to emphasize the importance of the treasury getting more gold, and, next, to increase the difficulty of getting it. It cannot be said that this sort of confusion produces any real apprehension; but it has created a certain uneasiness, and keeps the attention of the patient on the symptoms of his disease in a way that is unfavorable to recovery. Nor is the way out of this condition of slow financial fever as yet entirely open and clear. The large subscriptions to the loan will help to quiet this unrest and restore confidence; but the political doctors are prescribing a long and tedious course of treatment to which the patient is to be subjected as soon as congress assembles. The administration is understood to have it in contemplation to recommend a broad scheme of reconstruction of our currency system, its main points being the retirement of the government legal tender paper and its substitution by a more elastic system of bank issues than that which now exists. There is perhaps no great division of opinion about the importance of some judicious revision of our monetary arrangements, and when it is all accomplished the results may prove very beneficial to the country at large. But this prospect introduces another new element of change, and with change comes unsettlement and postponements about matters that anxiously await action and accomplishment. And not a few take it grumblingly that, having got off the tariff gridiron we should now be pitched upon the hot coals of currency reform. This new source of legislative uncertainty is one of the influences that is now acting unfavorably upon the stock market, and it must be assigned as one of the causes of the weakness of prices during the past week.

Then, again, some dissatisfaction is felt that, while there is no doubt about the loan being subscribed for abundantly in one form of money or another, yet there is no assurance that the fifty millions now being borrowed will suffice either to maintain the reserve at the legal minimum or to provide for the deficiencies of revenue. The rent in the treasury finances is only patched; not repaired in such a way as to hold good. When congress reassembles this whole matter must come up, and, with so many diverse and divisive interests concerned in it, there is no foreseeing by what means the public finances will be relieved of their present sources of derangement. It is felt on all sides that the trouble is no longer one of real difficulty in the handling, and that the hand of a strong and resourceful financier could readily put affairs into normal shape and end the vague distrust that is now holding every form of enterprise in arrest. But such a hand seems lacking.

It seems impossible that this timidity and hesitation of management can much longer keep affairs in their present uncertainty. The immediate problem is now to fill up the treasury gold reserve and at the same time secure for the government a good form of income sufficient to keep the reserve good under any contingencies. There should be no really serious difficulties in the way of solving this question. The supply of gold in the country is many times over what the problem calls for. It is within reach of availability for the purposes of the treasury; and it is within the power of the banks to make it available sufficiently for the purpose contemplated. The banks could now afford to pay out a considerable amount of gold to importers for customs duties; and if the treasury would back them in so doing by returning to them as much gold as possible through the clearing house the deadlock would be broken and affairs would again run in normal grooves. The present indications are that matters are tending towards some such simple method of adjustment; and on that account we hope to see an early end of the present derangements without much dependence on congressional bungling. When that comes a marked and real recovery of confidence may be looked for, and the "good times coming" of the "bulls" will be here.

HENRY CLEWS.

NICHOLAS IS POPULAR.

The Young Czar's Popularity Increases Every Day.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 29.—The popularity of the Czar increases daily, owing to his unaffected ways and the fact that he is dispensing with the military police bodyguards of the palace. His order withdrawing troops from the line of the route upon his wedding day has produced a good effect. The crowds were unable to believe that they would be allowed to stand and witness the procession without the invariable hedge of soldiers, and when they saw that this was the fact the populace were frantic with delight and expressed satisfaction in a thousand ways. There is no doubt that a marked change has taken place everywhere in St. Petersburg life in consequence of the Czar's admirable policy.

When Others Fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system by giving vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most wonderful record of actual cures of any medicine in existence. Take only Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

AMERICAN POLITICS REVIEWED.

John J. Ingalls Applies Numerous Adjectives to the Populists.

New York, Nov. 30.—The Herald has the following: "If the sworn, specified, detailed and documented accusations of their own leaders are to be believed, the Populist administration of Kansas has been the most profligate, debased, degraded and disgraceful government ever known in any state in the union. Before it Tammany pales its ineffectual face."

It was thus that ex-Senator John J. Ingalls yesterday described the late Llewellyn regime in Kansas. He came to this city from Boston, where he delivered a lecture, and was found at the Grand Union hotel.

"Populism," he said, "has reached its culmination. It has made a remarkable impression upon the legislation of congress. The income tax is absolutely and unequivocally a Populist measure. It was advocated by neither the Republicans nor the Democratic party. The Popalist platform alone contained reference to such a tax. The income tax is a measure of immense significance. The Popalist crusade was a campaign of spoliation. I do not regard the election of this year as in any sense a certificate of unqualified confidence in the Republican party. Democracy met defeat because it had demonstrated its conspicuous and unequalled incapacity to deal rightly with present day problems. The elections mean simply the Republican party has another chance. If it fails it too will be brought low. If the Republican leaders accept the opportunity presented we shall win in 1896, but the tariff will not be the great issue, nor will any candidate be successful whose position is not known upon other and I believe far more momentous questions. The wealth of the rich, the poverty of the poor, the exclusive and menacing power of great corporations, the strangulation of trade by a vicious financial system and the more general distribution of prosperity among the masses: these are the vital questions of the day. Which ever party shall reveal its capacity to deal intelligently and successfully with these problems will hold the reins of government."

Hardy Upton.—"Say, Mrs. Skinner, it's awful, these cold nights, to lie on this mattress with only a sheet over you. Can't you arrange it differently?"

Mrs. Skinner—"Certainly!—Lie on the sheet and pull the mattress over you."

People Who Weigh and Compare

Know and get the best. Cottolene, the new vegetable shortening, has won a wide and wonderful popularity. At its introduction it was submitted to expert chemists, prominent physicians and famous cooks. All of these pronounced

Cottolene

a natural, healthful and acceptable food-product, better than lard for every cooking purpose.

The success of Cottolene is now a matter of history. Will you share in the better food and better health for which it stands, by using it in your home?

Cottolene is sold in 3 and 5 pound pails by all grocers.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Wellington and Ann Sts.,
MONTREAL.

FUEL.

COAL. COAL.

Go to 28 Yates Street for Wellington Coal

Telephone No. 449.

G. GAWLEY.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

If You Need Strength

TAKE

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF It Strengthens

Wm. Harkness, F.C.S., Analytical Chemist to British Government says: "It is one of the most perfect foods I have ever examined."

Warning to the Public.

We earnestly request the public to see that in the end of each "Peg Top" Cigar a peg is inserted bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers and others endeavor to imitate our celebrated brand.

We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves.

S. O. GROTHE & CO.

Forwarned is to be Forarmed

We desire to warn you of the fact that during the next few weeks our store will be a scene of intense activity, and no wonder; we have profited from past experience and will make a grander show than ever. Come with little or much, we shall be able to satisfy the possibilities of your pockets.

Weiler Bros., - - - 51 to 55 Fort St.

CANADA

The publication of the PORTFOLIOS OF CANADIAN SCENES which was suspended during the holidays, has been resumed, and will be completed within a few weeks. Readers of the Times have already had an opportunity to procure Parts 1 to 8. Part 9 is now on hand. Cut out the Coupon in this paper and bring to Times office with 10c. (2c. additional if Portfolio is to be returned by mail) and receive Portfolio.

We will be able to supply a limited number of complete sets. For a Holiday Present a set of these handsome views or a set of America Photographed, which we can still furnish, would be "just the thing."

See Coupon in another place.

W. T. Drake

Supplies His Customers (AS USUAL) with

BEST COAL

At $7 PER TON.

Victoria Metal Works Co.

J. FITZPATRICK,

Sanitary Plumbers, Steam and Hot Water Engineers.

COPPER, BRASS, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORKERS.

Repairing Bicycles, etc.; also First Class Brazing and general repairing of Tinware. Dealers in New and Second Hand Stoves.

113 FORT STREET

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homœopathic Society, British Gynecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul12-tf

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Potter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WESP, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Mesgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 7135, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester Hall, Government str.et. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fort streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fort streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

SITUATION WANTED.

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oct27-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED by lady, unfurnished room. Apply 9 Green street. n29-3t

WANTED—To exchange, Building Society shares and city lot for house and lot situate between Douglas, Vancouver, Humboldt and Johnson streets. State value. Address P. O. drawer 49. n16-tf

FOR SALE

BAKERY FOR SALE—Cheap for cash; owner leaving for Europe. Apply to Louis Schmitz, box 245, Nanaimo, B. C. nov29-2w

MONEY TO LOAN—On Victoria real estate repayable by easy monthly payments by the Dominion Building and Loan Association of Toronto. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FIXED DEPOSITS RECEIVED for one year at 5 per cent. interest, and for two, three, four and five years at 6 per cent. interest by the Dominion Building and Loan Association of Toronto. A. W. More & Co., agents, 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—One horse, 7 years old, weight about 1,600 lbs.; one mare, 6 years old, weight about 1,500 lbs. Apply to H. E. Moller, 23 Constance St., City, at Sayward Mill Co.'s yard. n10-2w

TO LET.

PIANOS—To let, 76 Princess Ave. 29-11-2w

TO RENT—A well furnished front room for one or two gentlemen; in private family; 10 minutes from postoffice. Address H. R., Times office. n29-3t

TO RENT—6-roomed cottage; bath room, hot and cold water; $11 per month. Apply Flint & Prosser, 18 Broad St. n29-1w

TO LET—Large store, 44 Yates street, also the two flats above same. Apply to Lewis Lewis on premises. n27-1w

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A strong general servant at once. Apply 169 Menzies street. n28-1w

WANTED—Immediately a thoroughly experienced steward; must have first class credentials as to character and ability. Apply by letter to the Secretary of the Union Club. n23-tf

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Queen City Building, Loan and Savings Association.

The sixth sale of a preference in the Queen City Building Loan and Savings Association, Limited, will be held on Wednesday, the 5th December next, at 8 p.m., in the office of the association, 46 Fort street. The preference offered will be on ten shares or $1,000, and the bidding will be per share of $100.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned. By order.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 29th, 1894. n29-1d

Victoria Building Society.

A general meeting of the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad St., (opposite View), on Saturday, the 1st December, 1894, for the purpose of holding the Forty-First Drawing for an appropriation.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order.

A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

n28-4t

The Daily Times.

A NICE DECISION.

Word comes from Ottawa that the postoffice employees here who went out on strike are to be punished by having $50 of their provisional allowance withheld. The three men who did not take part in the strike are to receive the extra $10 a month from July 1st, but the 30 strikers will commence to receive it only on December 1st. To put it briefly, those who protested too emphatically against ill treatment are fined $50 each for so doing. This decision is put down to Sir Adolphe Caron's credit. That may be the correct idea, but the circumstances furnish good reason for believing that the decision was arrived at by the cabinet in council assembled, and that the whole ministry is responsible, not Caron alone. Of course that does not excuse the postmaster-general, whose incapacity and wrongheadedness were the original cause of the trouble. The government's action in this case has done much to show the people of Victoria the material of which the government is made. Other evidences we have had of the Thompson-Tupper combination's genius for maladministration, but none quite so striking. It required not one brilliant jack-in-office, but a number of them, to devise the scheme of fraudulently withholding from poor civil servants a part of the wages due them and then fining them for protesting. The government saves the handsome sum of $1500 by this remarkably ingenious plan—and therefore will be able to boast that the deficit is reduced by so much. The fleecing of the men is not to be distinguished from what would be called robbery and fraud in the case of private individuals, but what of that? So glorious an opportunity to economize was not to be lightly missed. Then there was the further opportunity of flying right in the face of Victoria's citizens, who in meeting assembled emphatically declared their opinion that the men should be reinstated and be given the arrears of salary due them. The Ottawa gentlemen no doubt infer from the steady support which Victoria extends to them that lovers of justice and haters of tyranny are scare in this city, and that its people can safely be flouted. It remains for the people to say whether this inference is correct. If they quietly tolerate the outrage perpetrated on the postoffice men and accept the insult flung in their own faces they will deserve all the contumely the Dominion ministers delight to fling on them. We do not suppose for a moment that they will show themselves so meek-spirited. At no very distant date they will have the opportunity of marking in a most practical way their opinion of this and other misdoings on the part of the Dominion government, and we have no doubt now as to what their opinion is. We should be sorry to suppose that this community will again express approval of such a combination of boodlers and sweaters.

It is said that Archbishop Ireland's visit to New York was for the purpose of borrowing $500,000 to pay the debts of the archdiocese of St. Paul.

Diphtheria has broken out in Evelyn College, near Princeton.

PRODUCE THE FIGURES.

To the Editor: The London Times is a "competent critic" upon many other subjects besides matters of finance, and it is equally sound upon the ethics of government. The vast range of its knowledge and accurate grasp of colonial affairs compelled it to declare some four years ago, under the head of "Canada's Shame" "that "public life in Canada was rotten to the core." But to the point. The extract furnished by the Colonist this morning from that great newspaper has not the faintest bearing upon the trade and finances of Canada and does not affect the situation in the least. The figures and statements regarding the financial and commercial condition of Canada which have recently appeared are culled from the Canadian bluebooks, and if, as the Colonist avers, they are the "random utterances of an irresponsible scribbler," why on earth doesn't it call the attention of the department to the shocking condition of the returns and have them rectified. If the bluebooks are all wrong there is a splendid opening for the Colonist to immortalize itself by pointing out the errors. This would be a very much more effective way of meeting the statements and disproving the figures than by giving way to a storm of low and irrelevant insinuations. The figures are right or they are wrong. It is simply a question of fact. Surely such a well informed, thoroughly impartial and highly responsible an authority as the Colonist should be able to dispose of them in some other way than by condemning them as the "senseless jargon of an ignorant scribbler" and introducing a garbled extract from the London Times which has no reference to the question. Even this extract from the Thunderer is not complete, neither is it taken from an editorial. The Colonist did not give it all, but broke it off in the middle of a paragraph, and was careful to conceal what follows:

"A large body of opinion in Canada is still dissatisfied with the burdens of the tariff. Mr. Laurier, the leader of the opposition, has specifically pledged himself, should his party ever be returned to power, to reduce the tariff, to reduce the expenses of administration and to find some solution for the difficulty of heavy freight rates which press upon the production of the west."

This is the balance of the article which your contemporary mutilated. But in another part of this morning's issue an article is produced from the London Times, in which the following passage occurs:

"In Canada, where a Conservative government, usually associated with and supported by the manufacturing party, has long held sway and has labored in the interests of the eastern market and of the scattered provinces to develop means of communication to the east and west, a very natural reaction has taken place. The western provinces as they developed have grown powerful. The producing interest which predominates in their still sparsely populated area has nothing to gain from a protective system which forces it to spend in high priced commodities of local manufacture what it earns in low priced grain sold in the markets of the world. All the promises of the protectionist party have not kept up the price of wheat, and since the producer must go outside the protective ring to sell he would like to go outside also to buy. High tariffs have failed in their protective object. They are now maintained principally for revenue purposes, and the only way in which customs duties on a lower scale can meet the revenue requirements of the country is either by lessening the cost of government or by increasing the volume of trade upon which customs duties have to be paid. Whether as a protectionist desiring to justify his policy or as a free trader desiring to bring the tariff down to strict revenue requirements, every patriotic Canadian desires to increase the export trade of the country. The late tour of Mr. Laurier, the leader of the Liberal opposition, has shown the enthusiasm which exists in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia for the principle of freer Canadian trade."

This is the opinion of the London Times, and, strange to say, it was smuggled into the columns of the Colonist by the underground railway which appears to connect the sanctum with the press room, and which has made your contemporary so unreliable and ridiculous of late.

If the Colonist does not produce official figures to disprove those already submitted, people who read and think will have a poor opinion of its knowledge and its patriotism.

CHABLIS-SHIRAZ.

NANAIMO NEWS.

A Verdict of Not Guilty Brought In in the Webster-Wilson Case.

Nanaimo, Nov. 30.—The case against Webster and Wilson, on a charge of manslaughter, was concluded yesterday, and every person who was acquainted with the facts of the case admit that the verdict of not guilty is the correct thing. The case was of the greatest importance to the miners of this district, and they will be sure to profit by the lesson.

The case of Reg. v. McKinnon, without a jury, was taken up next. During Hoskin's examination his lordship severely criticized the part the witness had taken in the affair, and said he ought to have been indicted. Judgment in the case was deferred until to-day.

The grand jury was recalled to consider a case of abduction, in which Matt. Merritt was charged with abducting Hannah Ward, wife of H. E. Ward, of the Identical hotel, and detaining her against her will. The grand jury returned a true bill and a warrant was issued for Merritt's arrest.

The parties who are attempting to float a newspaper for one month to help them over the coming municipal elections claim they have received every encouragement, and it will be brought out twice each week and distributed among the citizens gratuitously.

A meeting of the temperance committees took place last evening and arrangements were made to co-operate with the Reform club in the selection of suitable candidates for the coming election.

It is reported that a crusade is being inaugurated against certain saloons where gambling is continually going on, and the man who obtains the position of chief of police will have to face this matter.

The general opinion of the public appears to favor the appointment of the now acting constables. Both are well known and appear to be well adapted for their positions.

SIR ADOLPHE HEARD FROM.

He Takes Away $30 From the Allowance of Each Post Office Striker.

The post office strikers will receive their provisional allowance of $10 a month from December 1st next. The unpaid allowance from July 1st to December 1st will not be given to the strikers, and those who kept on with their work will get the back allowance. Such are the statements contained in a dispatch from Ottawa received here late last night. An official dispatch was received to-day at the office of Post Office Inspector Fletcher. The dispatch says that the Postmaster-General authorizes the payment to the employes of the Victoria post office of the provisional allowance to the 1st of December. No reference is made in the official dispatch to any discrimination between the men who struck and were affected by the allowance and those who remained at their posts. The post office clerks and carriers are not pleased at the conditions imposed by Sir Adolphe Caron, the Postmaster-General. They think it is a hardship that they should be deprived of $50 each for the back months, which sum is justly due them, having been voted by parliament, but realizing that they are in the power of an autocrat they have come to the conclusion, and perhaps a wise one, that they had better submit. However, the matter will not be entirely dropped, as it is understood that the board of trade will again be appealed to, and Sir Adolphe, if he ever makes his appearance in British Columbia, may hear more of the affair. An interesting point in connection with the case is that the mail carriers, who, in common with their fellow employes, were "docked" for the week of suspension, had to put in extra time after reinstatement and overcome the arrears of work, no others having, as many a Victorian knows who had to walk into town for his mail, been placed on in their stead. The temporary men employed in place of the post office clerks were paid at the rate of $1.50 a day, which would mean $45 a month, while the pay of the regular men was only $30 a month. Postmaster Shakespeare said he knew nothing more than was contained in the dispatch to the inspector's office. Moreover, it is claimed by the night clerks that they lost no time till the suspension took effect, and yet they will be "docked" for several days other than the suspended week. It is learned that the men will receive the munificent salary of $2.10 this month in which to celebrate Christmas and to give holiday cheer to wife and children. They one and all thank Sir Adolphe for his Christmas present.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Probabilities Next 24 Hours.

Friday, Nov. 30.—Clear and colder with falling temperature. Although not wet, your Rigby Overcoat will be found warm and comfortable to-day. You ought to be thankful that you don't have to wear the old style Clammy Waterproof.

THE CAPTAIN'S STORY.

He Gives His Version of the Case of the Bark Detroit.

The crew of the American bark Detroit were paid off by Captain Rice at the United States consulate this morning. Five dollars were deducted from each of their salaries according to arrangement between them and the master of the bark. Captain Rice, speaking to a Times man, said:

"I wish to remove an impression that has been made current that I was acting harshly with the men. The truth is I have acted leniently—too leniently, perhaps. A few days before the crew deserted the bark was inspected and passed by the agent of the board of marine underwriters of San Francisco. I felt satisfied myself that the ship was all right. If I had not do you think that I would have risked the lives of my wife and two little ones. I don't look quite a monster, do I?"

And Captain Rice threw himself back in his chair. He did not look like a tyrannical captain, but had the appearance of being a good hearted kind of a fellow. It was in the office of the U.S. consulate.

"No, the captain acted leniently," joined in General Roberts, the United States consul. "He could have compelled the crew to return or have another survey."

Captain Rice continued: "It is like this—If a man is frightened to go to sea with me that settles it; I don't want him. I have respect for a man's feelings and would not have him think that he is going to a watery grave. That is the reason I granted the men their discharge without further ado. But about the ship leaking—I deny that she was leaking three inches an hour, and even if she did the pumps can discharge 25 inches an hour. There's a big leeway, is there not? I sent a diver down myself to-day and have located the leak. It was a very small one, and matters are all fixed up now. I expect to sign a new crew on Saturday, and will be ready to sail on Sunday or Monday at the latest. I am glad to have had the opportunity of telling you my version, so that the story can be placed before the public in a proper light."

A DEAL IN OPIUM.

Partners in a Business Transaction Have a Temporary Disagreement.

Albert Weinrigh, alias Albert Wilson, was arrested aboard the steamship Umatilla at the outer wharf last night by Sergeant Hawton on a charge of having swindled the Quan Nan Fong company out of a lot of opium valued at $2880. It seems that he had had a number of business deals with the firm, and a few months ago offered to sell them a half interest in a schooner. The offer was accepted and the firm advanced $2880 worth of opium in payment. It developed after Wilson, as he was commonly called, had left here that he did not own the vessel. The Chinamen heard of his being on the Umatilla and arranged to arrest him. He made a strong protest about being under the American flag while on the ship, but was nevertheless pulled out from under its protecting shadow. When searched at the police station nearly $7500 in gold, checks, drafts and certificates of deposit were found on him. The case was settled this morning, or at least an agreement was reached between the two parties and this afternoon Todd Aikman, for the firm of Drake, Jackson and Helmcken, moved before Magistrate Macrae for a withdrawal of the charge. The court could not see that such a proceeding was justified, but remanded the case until to-morrow to hear more authorities on the point. The prosecuting side now say that had a supreme court justice been available they would have proceeded to detain Wilson by a writ of capias.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Mrs. Ward of Nanaimo Takes Bi-chloride of Mercury.

Nanaimo, Nov. 30.—It was reported early this morning that Mrs. Ward had intended to commit suicide last evening in consequence of the warrant being issued to arrest her lover, H. E. Ward, the husband, stated that he found his wife very ill and asked her the cause of it. She replied: "I have taken one of those tablets to ease pain." A doctor was speedily sent for and the stomach pump was promptly applied, but the patient in the meantime suffered the most excruciating pain. An investigation revealed the fact that the tablets were composed of bi-chloride of mercury, which had been prescribed by the doctor as a wash, the quantity being one tablet to a gallon of water. Mrs. Ward is now out of danger.

Judge Crease delivered the following judgment in the case of Brown vs. McKinnon: $100 fine or 12 months in jail. McKinnon was discharged and the case against Merritt has not been brought on.

PERSONAL.

W. H. Keary, New Westminster, is in the city.

Capt. H. H. Lloyd, Seattle, is a guest at the Oriental.

Mrs. E. J. McFeeley left for San Francisco last night.

F. W. Mayo, McPherson's is registered at the Driard.

J. C. Henderson, Cliffwack, came to town last night.

Rev. C. F. Wilson, Salt Spring Island, is at the New England.

J. W. Peppett, North Sydney, C.B., has apartments at the New England.

E. Gordan, Otter Point, and Thomas Parker, Metchosin, are registered at the New England.

D. B. Charlesson and wife and Miss Edith Charlesson, Vancouver, have apartments at the Driard.

The greatest bargains ever offered in Victoria. Is better than putting your money in the savings bank, having absolute security. Every workingman or woman should avail themselves of this opportunity and secure a building site, situate on Cowan Avenue, Bank, Amphion or Halton Streets, off Oak Bay Avenue. Prices $175 to $225 per lot, and on such terms never before offered to the public. Viz, $5 down, $5 per month without interest. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Sunburn,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Get No To-Bac at Bowes' Drug Store, for the tobacco habit. *

—Mr. J. Johnston, manufacturing stationers' agent, is now in the Kirk block.

—Next Wednesday night the Y. M. C. T. U. will give an at home in Temperance hall.

—No San Francisco mail last night. The California express did not connect at Tacoma.

—To-day was the last day for the registration of householders for the municipal elections.

—If you can't keep your razor in order we can show you how. A new line of razors just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra ciaf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams & Co.'s, 28 Broad street. *

—A large number of tickets have already been disposed of for the social dance of the C. O. F. in A. O. U. W. hall on December 12.

—The Gazette shows that there are in the province 87 barristers and solicitors, two barristers who are not solicitors and nine solicitors who are not also barristers.

—The debate at the Diocesan Literary and Scientific society on the merits of free trade and protection has been adjourned until the evening of December 13th, when a men's social will be held.

—The local Association footballers will meet at the Y. M. C. A. on Saturday night to amalgamate. It is thought amalgamation will strengthen the teams and give greater enthusiasm to the game.

—The following appears in the current Gazette, signed by Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works Gore: "All placer claims and leaseholds on Vancouver island and adjacent islands, and in New Westminster district, which are legally held, may be laid over from date to the 1st June, 1895."

—A Seattle dispatch says: "It is asserted that the reason of District Passenger Agent George McL. Brown's visit to Seattle on Tuesday last was to make inquiry into the disturbed and threatening condition of passenger rates on the sound and at Portland. In connection with Travelling Passenger Agent Calder Mr. Brown yesterday left for Portland. The Canadian Pacific will not be slow to meet any cut made by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific."

—Mrs. Watt, continuing her series of lectures, spoke yesterday at St. Ann's Convent on "The Poetry of Browning." She summed up his services to humanity and paid a handsome tribute to his ability and the productions of his pen. She said that most of his traducers had never read his works. The lecture was a most interesting one. Next week the "Autocrat of all the Tables," Oliver Wendell Holmes, now of revered memory, will be the subject of her lecture.

—Dr. Gustavus Hamilton Griffin, the notorious swindler who served a term in the penitentiary at New Westminster, has been married to the cashier of a Chicago candy store." So says a dispatch from Chicago. It was known that the doctor was operating in Chicago but it was thought that his courtship of the fair cashier had been brought to an abrupt end by the exposure of his swindling. Evidently the doctor's silver tongue succeeded in winning his bride over to his side.

—The United States revenue cutter Richard Rush, Captain Hooper, has arrived at Port Townsend from San Francisco en route to the north end of Vancouver Island to search for the wreckage of the collier Ivanhoe. On the receipt of orders from the department the Rush will take on fuel and sail for the north. Captain Hooper says he will make a thorough search along the coast, calling at all the Indian settlements and trading posts to make enquiries. He will be absent two weeks or more, if necessary.

—The sloop Irene was stolen from Port Townsend harbor on Wednesday in broad daylight and it is thought was brought across the border. In plain view of a dozen people, a well-dressed stranger went aboard the sloop, raised the anchor, got under way and sailed out of the harbor. The Irene was well equipped with provisions and supplies, and in one of the chests was a considerable sum of money. The deed was so bold that no one expected that the sloop was being stolen until she got well down the straits, with a stiff breeze astern.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—Strong cottonade pants, spring bottom, 75c. Marks, 8 Store street. *

—Court Robin Hood, I. O. F, gave a social dance in Fairall's hall last night. A pleasant time was spent.

—There was a large attendance at the social dance of the Victoria theatre orchestra in A. O. U. W. hall yesterday evening.

—Every one is anxious to see the largest assortment of Christmas gifts, and, as usual, such an assortment will be seen at Weiler's. *

—"We are the people" to buy down quilts from. Have a look at them and you will say so. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Company. *

—Look over our 25c. crockery and glassware tables. There are some genuine bargains on them. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Company. *

—Sanitary Officer Conlin has laid information against several persons under the sewerage connection by-law. The cases will come up shortly.

—Greater efforts will be made by the popular firm of Weiler Bros. to meet the demands of Victorians for an extensive exhibition of Christmas gifts. *

—Some beautiful oak upholstered rockers in a variety of striking designs. See them before you buy a Christmas present. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Company. *

—Competition pants at our display of trousers and the remarkably low prices at which we are offering them. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—Monuments and all kinds of cemetery work at very low prices. First-class work guaranteed at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets. See stock and designs. *

—American gum boots, the largest assortment and the lowest prices in B. C. Snag-proof, crack-proof, nailed leather soles, and all the latest improvements. Marks, 8 Store street.

—The Bishop of Salisbury, who is now on his way to Australia from England, will return home by way of British Columbia, when he will stay several days in Victoria. The bishop is one of the most eloquent divines in England.

—In the police court this morning for an infraction of the streets by-law Wm. Gibson was fined $5 and costs. Johnny Jim, a Saanich Indian, charged with having liquor in his possession, was not given a hearing and the case was remanded until to-morrow.

—Louis Olsen, once a respectable member of society, and formerly a schooner captain, was in the police court to-day, charged with supplying liquor to Indians. He had been there before, and upon his conviction Magistrate Macrae dealt with him severely. He fined him $100 with one dollar costs, and if in default he ordered him imprisoned for four months. Olsen will very likely have to go to jail and serve out his time.

—The Lincoln, Rutland and Stamford Mercury of October 19th says: "News reached Plymouth on Monday of a terrible gun accident on board the Satellite cruiser, on the Pacific station. In firing a salute the head of a gun cartridge exploded, with the result that a gunner's mate, the name of whom is unknown, had his head blown off. The cartridge, owing to improper loading, is supposed to have been defective."

—General Roberts, United States consul, received a letter this morning asking him to write a history of the Nineteenth regiment, North Carolina infantry, during the war. A scheme is on foot to get as authentic a record as possible of that now celebrated historical event. Distinguished men have been requested to write accounts of the doings of the regiments to which they were attached or in command of. General Roberts is among the best posted of men on the war.

—The investigation of the three charges preferred by G. C. Sauer against Sergeant Levin and the one charge made by Maynard H. Cowan against Constable Smith were concluded by the police commissioners last night, and it was announced that at four o'clock this afternoon the decisions would be rendered. However, the mayor was otherwise engaged to-day, and the meeting planned was not held this afternoon. It will now be Monday, very likely, before the commissioners get together again and give out their findings in the two cases.

—At a meeting of the Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, held at Quesnelle yesterday, a proposition, which will probably lead to the working of the mine on a large scale, was submitted and adopted. There were about 250,000 shares represented at the meeting. The proposal is to give a syndicate a little more than a half interest in the Hixon creek mine on the condition that $100,000 is spent in the property. The intention is to work ore by the cyanide process, tests having demonstrated that 95 per cent. of the gold can be saved by that method. It is expected that arrangements will be concluded during the winter and that the new company will be organized and ready to begin operations next summer.

—There was an interesting dog case heard in the police court to-day. Frank Higgins recently lost a valuable canine, and after advertising for it and searching the town over found that it was in the possession of a man named Mark Lepine. The latter acted very strangely all through the transaction, and it was only after a week's delay that Mr. Higgins forced him to give the dog up. The latter had Lepine summoned for stealing the dog, and, as stated, the case came up for hearing in the police court to-day. Lepine was convicted and fined $20, with $4.50 costs. If he fails to pay he will be imprisoned for a month.

Not a Day

Too soon to order anything you want MADE in the way of jewellery for Xmas presents. Remember Pennock & Lowe have the best workmen and best equipped workshop.

—We have the best men's dollar shoe in British Columbia. Marks, 8 Store street. *

—No further advices have been received from London as to the sales of sealskins. The sealers are simply disgusted at the returns received yesterday. Prices were 25 per cent. below those of last year and the prospects are that the average will be between $7.50 and $9 per skin. There are many more skins to be sold, and there may be an improvement, but it is doubtful. The sealers will not say much until the returns are all in.

WERE NOT SUSTAINED.

Sewerage Commissioners So Decide As to Inspector Bushby's Charges.

The sewerage commissioners met again this morning to consider the charges of Inspector Bushby in the matter of the Yates street sewer. A report was read from Mr. J. H. Gray, C. E., who was engaged to examine the sewers. The report states that the pipes have been properly laid and that the joints are tight. The commissioners afterwards drew up a report for submission to the board of aldermen, in which it is stated that the charges of defective work by the contractor are not proven. They found that the charge that improper language had been used by the contractor had been sustained. The report will be made public when it reaches the council.

The commissioners decided in regard to the complaint of Messrs. Bossi and Carey to recommend to the city council that the sewers be lowered.

ST. ANDREW'S BANQUET.

Scotsmen to Gather Around the Festive Board at the Driard To-night.

St. Andrew's day is to be duly celebrated by all loyal Scotsmen this evening. The St. Andrew's and Caledonian society will hold their annual banquet at the Hotel Driard, and accommodation has been provided for several hundred guests. The menu follows:

YE YEARLY MUCKLE DINNER.
Given by
Ye Saint Andrew's an' Caledonian Society
O' the Toon o' Victoria, B.C.
Tu' auld Freens on Saint Andrew's Nicht.
AN' THIS IS WHAT'S INTILT
Sheep's hold Broth.
Mountain Dew frae Lochnagar.
Salmon Taen fae awa' frae the Dee. Halibut Boiled wi' Tatties. Sparkling Hock frae the Banks o' the Gaul.
A Mixture o' as Gilber Saint Hubert ate it.
The Lord o' the Barnyard frae Parker's, goused wi' jelly.
The hind leg o' Goodacre's soo smecked in Peat Reek.
A Cow's Tongue.
THE HAGGIS.
"Great chieftain o' the puddin' race.
Whisky as she's tested in the Lan' we cam' frae.
Twa Hens an' ae Cock.
Ribs o' black faced wether as they mak' them oo'r at Porter's.
Claret as auld as Saint Andrew
Bubbly Jock wi' Cranberry Sauce. Geese frae the Orkney's.
Stot's ribs frae the B. C.
A Hare o' the Dowg that bit ye.
Kail an' neeps. Chapped Tatties an' Curly greens.
Mountain Sua' cauld as it cam' fra Ben Nevis.
Jellies Galore. Tarts. Scones an' Farrels o' Cake.
Wi' sweeties Oranges an' ither fruits.
'Kibbucks o' Cheese frae Lipton's Glasca.'
A cup o' tea wi' a cinder intilt.
Sneezin.
Deoch an' Doruis.
Ye Driard Inn,
In this Guid Toon o' Victoria,
A. D. 1894.

THE MELANCHOLY JAP.

Matsuo, the Saturna Island Suicide, Was a Recluse.

Dr. Hasell, coroner, and Dr. Lang, who went to Saturna Island on Wednesday, the former to hold an inquest on the body of Matsuo, the Japanese who committed suicide, and the latter to make an examination of the body, returned home last evening. At Plumper Pass on Wednesday morning a jury was sworn and the whole party proceeded in boats to Mutsuo's ranch on Saturna Island, several miles distant. It was a hard trip, and it was night before they returned. Matsuo carefully planned and carried out his own execution. Closing the cabin and barring the doors and windows, he got into his bunk, from which he evidently slug the dog, as the animal was on the floor facing him. He then put the rifle to his neck and fired. He fell backward and died, evidently without a struggle. Dr. Lang in his evidence said that he had probably been dead for ten days. It developed at the inquest that Matsuo had lived alone on the farm for three years. He shunned the society of his fellow men and became almost a recluse. He was deeply interested in the war and desired to go home and fight for his country. He could not make the trip, and worried into a melancholy state, ending with suicide. The jury returned a verdict of suicide. Matsuo had been an industrious man, for he had cleared thick timber off eight acres of land on the farm.

. . . THE . . .
Manchester House!
88 YATES STREET

NEW DRESS GOODS. NEW DRESS GOODS.

Navy and Brown Diagonal Serges.
Black Diagonal Serges.
Black Cashmeres from 60 cents per yard.
Black and Navy French Serges from 50 cents per yard.

Fine Flannelettes, Pinks and Blues, Suitable for Blouses.

A few of those Kid Gloves at 65 cents per pair.

CORSETS! CORSETS!

The E. T. Long Waist Black Corset, $150 per pair.
The C. P. French Corset (Mascot), $2.25 per pair
Yatisi, very easy wearing Corset, $1.50 per pair.
The C. and D. Long Waist Corset, $1.00 per pair.
The Queen, special Corset, 75 cents per pair.
The May, a good Corset, 50 cents per pair.

Ladies' Flannelette Nightshirts from $1.00, $1.50, $1.60 and $2.00.
Ladies' Dressing Gowns, very stylish, $3.00 and $3.50 each.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

A choice selection of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Novelties in Trimmings. All work promptly and neatly done.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, — — T. HAUGHTON & CO.

Boys' Reefer Jackets,

Just received a full line of new goods, in all sizes. See the new style with the large sailor collar. Something nobby for a small boy.

Boys' Odd Pants

A new supply, in all sizes. Prices, 75c to $1.20. Look at these goods.

W. J. JEFFREE,
The Golden Rule Clothing Store,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company

. . . ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER . . .

Turkeys, live .....19c. per lb
Turkeys, dressed .....20c. per lb
Geese from.....$1.25 to $1.50 each
Ducks .....$1.25 per pair
Chickens from.....80c. to $1 per pair
Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

22 1-2 Pandora St., Cor. Broad and Cormorant, Opposite City Market.

WHEN You are prepared to buy your Winter Suit or Overcoat

WILL You look at my selection before placing your order?

YOU Will find an assortment of Overcoatings and Suitings of the latest styles.

BUY Them at a price in keeping with your pocketbook.

REFERENCES:
MY CUSTOMERS.

Walter D. Kinnaird,
THE CASH TAILOR.
No. 46 Johnson Street.

Deceiving the Ladies.

The unceasing struggle for supremacy in almost every line of trade undoubtedly has a tendency to make dealers resort to questionable methods of business. Take, for instance, a line of high class dress goods like Priestley's, which has been brought to a state of perfection and has attained popularity everywhere; as soon as the ladies insist upon having these goods and no others it is reported that some merchants have even taken the "Varnished Board," Priestley's trade mark, out of the Genuine Priestley's Black Dress Goods or Cravenettes and wrapped inferior goods upon it for the purpose of deceiving the customer. Fortunately, however, an extra precaution was adopted by the manufacturers in stamping the name "Priestley's" and the length on every five yards, so that ladies who want these goods can be sure they are getting them.

THE XMAS
MUNSEY
1894.
Will be on sale to-morrow
DECEMBER 1.

If the sales of Munsey's Magazine are increasing all over the continent in same proportion as OUR SALES are here, it will soon be

. . OUT OF SIGHT . .

Of the August Number we sold
12
of September
100
of October
300
of November
500
and of the December Number have just received and will certainly clear out in a few days
1,000
copies, as it is a magnificent special number, with beautifully illuminated cover and the equal of any of the other Xmas Magazines, and the price is
Only 10 Cents.

JAMIESON'S Next to P.O.

—American hip boots, pure gum, $4. Marks, 8 Store street. *

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 96 1-2 Douglas street. *

AMUSEMENTS.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt. J. D. Warren, 6 Trounce avenue.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

One of Government's Workmen's Wages Bill Killed in Committee of Whole.

Second Reading of Bill to Consolidate and Amend Legal Professions Acts.

ELEVENTH DAY.

Thursday, Nov. 29.

The speaker took the chair at two o'clock.

Mr. Sword presented a petition from R. T. Williams & Co.

The following petitions were read and received:

Zion Presbyterian church, Vancouver; Metropolitan Methodist church, Victoria, and E. A. Lewis and others re Sunday observance.

Mr. Eberts presented a report from the private bills committee stating that the rules had been complied with in connection with the petitions of J. C. Armstrong and others and the Burrard Inlet Ferry company.

Mr. Sword moved that an order of the house be granted for a return showing the conditions on which the lands at Bella Coola had been taken up by the colony of Norwegian settlers and all correspondence in connection with the same.

The resolution was adopted without discussion.

Mr. Eberts asked the minister of agriculture—Is it the intention of the government this session to offer any scheme by which compensation will be paid to the owners of cattle which have been quarantined or killed in order to suppress tuberculosis?

Hon. Mr. Turner—The subject is under consideration by the government.

Mr. Kennedy asked the chief commissioner of lands and works—Have not a sufficient number of persons passed the necessary examination to fill the position of log scalers? And, if so, why are the appointments not made?

Hon. Mr. Martin answered: Out of thirty-five candidates who presented themselves for examination before the board of examiners for official scalers of logs only six obtained over 50 per cent. of the standard 235, viz., J. Chase, 176; C. W. Murray, 142; G. W. de Beck, 138; Perry D. Roe, 133; J. W. Bell, 129, and J. B. Lilin, 120. The selection and appointment of official scalers is now under consideration of the government.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading of the bill to amend and consolidate the legal professions acts. The bill, he said, was of great public importance, and not only of private importance, as some might think. The bill was particularly important in that it provided for the purging of the profession of unworthy members. There were cases in which a member could not be dealt with under the criminal laws, and the county courts would not meet the cases. In such cases the guilty members could be called before the benchers and summarily dealt with. The bill had been framed by the benchers, and was a splendid one, with the exception of one omission, which was evidently an oversight. The bill remedied many defects of the old acts, one of the remedies being that annual meetings of the members should be held. The society had expended $20,000 for a library at Victoria, a branch library had been established at Vancouver, and another was to be established at Westminster. There was no provision in the bill to admit members of the profession from Scotland, but this could be amended in committee.

Mr. Williams had much pleasure in seconding the remarks of the attorney-general. It was not an omission that no provision was made for the admission of Scottish advocates, but it was left to the good sense of the house to say whether they should be admitted. It must be remembered that the practice in Scotland was entirely different from the practice in England and Canada. Scottish advocates were not admitted to practice in England and neither English nor Canadian lawyers were allowed to practice in Scotland.

Mr. Mutter spoke in defence of the Scottish advocates, contending that if they could pass the Scottish examinations they could also pass the English examination, and he did not think that it was fair to ask them to remain here five years before being allowed to take the examination. He also contended that a solicitor should be eligible to election as a bencher.

Mr. Semlin had no doubt that the bill was in the interest of the lawyers, but he did not know that it afforded any protection to the public. He had never heard of the society being called upon to purge itself of black sheep, but each year the society came to the house and asked that the wall be built higher and stronger. He held that all lawyers should be allowed to practice. If the act was passed the legal gentlemen would be placed above both provincial and municipal laws. Heretofore the lawyers had to pay a municipal license, but if the bill is passed they will be exempt from that license. All the professional men had to pay a license, and he could not see why the lawyers should not pay too.

Hon. Mr. Pooley said the benchers had been called upon to purge the society of unworthy members, but in the past it was not permissible to make public the expulsion of a member. If the bill was passed the expulsion of a member would be made public. There was no reason why British Columbia should be thrown open to everybody, while the doors of other provinces are closed to them. The bill was more liberal than any act in force in any of Her Majesty's dominions. He contended that the municipal law taxing members was a dead letter, and in fact that lawyers should not be taxed, as they paid large fees to the law society for the purpose of the law libraries.

The bill was read a second time.

The house went into committee on the workmen's wages bill, Mr. Adams in the chair. There were very few government members in their seats during the afternoon, and numerous amendments proposed by Mr. McPherson were passed. Finally Hon. Mr. Davie said he intended to restore the bill to its original condition when it came up on report.

Mr. Sword pointed out that if this was the case the committee had better rise, as it was evident that the committee was opposed to the views of the attorney-general. He did not know how the attorney-general proposed to overcome that objection.

Hon. Mr. Davie—Oh, I will just let you go on, and show you afterwards what a mess you have made of the bill.

Mr. Cotton—The trouble is that the government members have not given that attention to the bill that the opposition members have. The government members just leave the premier alone, and then when the bill comes up for report, when the opposition members can only speak once, he will bring in the government members and order them to hold up their hands, passing his amendments by brute force.

Mr. Semlin moved that the committee rise, the motion being carried by 11 to 10, Mr. McPherson voting against the motion with the nine government members who were present.

Hon. Mr. Davie—You cried out for New Zealand legislation, and when I give it to you you immediately kill it. The bill was the same as a New Zealand bill, being copied word for word.

The house went into committee on the bill for the benefit of mechanics and laborers. Mr. McPherson moved an amendment giving a workman a lien on material for a building whether the material used has been paid for or not.

There was a long discussion, some members holding that this would be doing an injustice to the material man, who had placed his goods on the ground in good faith.

The amendment was defeated on a vote of 11 to 10.

The committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

The petitions of L. Erb, Joseph Loewen and others and R. T. Williams were ruled out of order.

Mr. Sword gave notice of appeal from the decision of the speaker in respect to R. T. Williams' petition.

The house adjourned at 6 o'clock.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Kitchen—That an order of the house be granted for a return showing the number of mining leases applied for and granted on the Fraser river between Mission City and Quesnelle mouth. The acreage and annual rental of such leases.

Mr. Kitchen—That an order of the house be granted for a return giving details of the purchase and distribution of supplies for the relief of flood sufferers.

Mr. Braden—That the house sees no reason to differ from the conclusions expressed in the majority report of the committee on the claim of Mr. Greer.

Mr. Semlin—That a respectful address be presented to his honor the lieutenant-governor asking his honor to cause to be sent down to this house copies of certain specified papers in regard to floating the Nakusp & Slocan bonds.

Mr. Williams—For leave to introduce a bill intituled "The workmen's Lien or Wages Act."

Mr. Hume—Whereas owing to custom the Indians of the State of Washington in the United States do annually come into British Columbia and hunt along the Columbia river and Arrow lakes and by so doing exclude the Indians of Kootenay in British Columbia from following the chase in those parts of the province above mentioned; and whereas there are known cases of the maltreating of settlers along said lakes: Be it therefore resolved that an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, praying him to move the Dominion government to take such steps as may be deemed advisable to exclude these Indians from crossing the international boundary.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

What would be said if some body of workmen should apply to the legislature for a bill to exempt the members from municipal taxation? A howl would go up from the government benches that would scare the workingmen out of the province. But that is just what the government proposes to do for the barristers and solicitors of the province by the legal professions bill, which passed a second reading yesterday, Mr. Semlin being the only member to object. That bill provides by section sixty that "it shall not be incumbent upon a barrister or solicitor who has been called or admitted after the first Monday in November of any year to take out any certificate until the first Monday in November following his call or admission, and no barrister or solicitor shall be obliged to pay any other body or authority any sum whatever for the privilege of practicing as such barrister or solicitor." This, as Hon. Mr. Pooley admitted, overrules all provincial and municipal acts which provide that barristers and solicitors shall pay a license. Mr. Pooley tried to justify this by stating that lawyers paid large fees to their society, such fees being used to establish libraries for the use of young lawyers. Why should not printers or any other laborers or mechanics be exempt from licenses on the same ground. A printer, for example, has to pay monthly fees to his union, the fees, or a large portion of them, being devoted to the building and maintenance of homes for old and worn-out members of the craft. The same is the case with many other trades and professions. The newspaper publisher, for instance, has to establish an expensive library for the benefit of the general public, who daily make use of it either personally or by correspondence. Of course the newspaper publisher is not brazen enough to ask to have his license remitted on this account, but he is just as much entitled to it as is the lawyer who contributes for a library for which he and his "learned friends" can alone use. Mr. Pooley's argument was very far-fetched.

The government members showed their interest in the workingman yesterday afternoon by adjourning to the lobbies as soon as the workmen's wages bill came up for discussion. A number of good amendments were made by the opposition members, but as the attorney-general stated that he would overrule these amendments when the bill came up for report, the opposition took the only course open to them and voted for the committee to rise, thus killing the bill. No bill at all was in their opinion better than a bad bill.

Harry Dallas Helmcken, the third member for Victoria, took his seat yesterday for the first time. His seat is a long way from the speaker's chair, but there is little fear of his not being heard when he rises to speak. The chandeliers had better be braced when his stentorian voice rises in defence of the government.

If the legislature would do for the workingmen all that the individual members express themselves as being so anxious to do, the horny-handed sons of toil would soon be very happy mortals. But the trouble comes when some true friend of the laborer tries to incorporate some of the good things in the bill before the house. Davie & Co. then succeed in wriggling out of the promises they make when appealing to the galleries.

Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective

Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes

Any Condition of Wasting.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

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TUTTI FRUTTI

AN ABSOLUTE CURE —FOR— INDIGESTION

Sold by all Druggists & Confectioners

Take no worthless imitation. See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" IS ON EACH 5 CENT PACKAGE

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

TRANSPORTATION.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

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The Great Transcontinental Route from Pacific to Atlantic without change of cars. Through Daily Sleepers to all points east.

UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS to Boston, Montreal, Toronto and St. Paul without change.

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The Short Route to the Orient.

For rates and all information apply to—

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, cor. Fort and Government St.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER **JOAN**

J. B. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kasto, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. H. WEEKS, General Agent, No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt., St. Paul, Minnesota.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

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—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 15 knots			Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1147
6 30 pm	Lv	M 1	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	... Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	M 1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 21.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

All Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.
Ar. 12 30 P M	Ar. 2 30 P M		VICTORIA	Lv. 8 00 A M	Lv. 2 00 P M	
12 39	2 39	1	Esquimalt	7 51	1 51	1
12 54	2 54	4	Colwood	7 36	1 36	4
1 11	3 11	8	Goldstream	7 19	1 19	8
1 20	3 20	11	Shawnigan Lake	7 10	1 10	11
1 33	3 33	15	Cobble Hill	6 57	12 57	15
1 44	3 44	19	Cowichan	6 46	12 46	19
1 55	3 55	23	Duncans	6 35	12 35	23
2 11	4 11	29	Somenos	6 19	12 19	29
2 20	4 20	32	Chemainus	6 10	12 10	32
3 00	5 00	46	Ladysmith	5 30	11 30	46
Ar. 3 15 P M	Ar. 5 15 P M	53	NANAIMO	Lv. 5 15 A M	Lv. 9 45 A M	53
			WELLINGTON			

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncans or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

HONOLULU, S.F. C. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, December 22nd, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa—Thursday, December 13, at 8 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
H. E. CONNON, Agent, East-on Square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

or W. WEBSTER, District Agt. P.C.S.S. Co.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

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CITY OF PUEBLA, - - DEC. 4

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,

Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PRICES Men's **MACKINTOSHES**, $5, $7.50 and $10. Gents' **FINE OVERCOATS**, $7, $8, $10. Men's **WINTER SUITS**, $6, $7.75 and $8.50. **BOY'S SUITS**, $1.20, $2 and $2.50. Also **CARDIGAN JACKETS, MELISSA** and **RIGBY** Waterproofs, Fine **UNDERWEAR**, Etc., at **GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.** **B. WILLIAMS & CO.**

PROPOSED BUREAU OF MINES.

Board of Trade Passes a Resolution in Favor of Mr. Kellie's Motion.

The board of trade has endorsed Mr. Kellie's proposed motion for the establishment of a bureau of mines by passing the following resolution:

"Whereas we learn that the provincial legislature has under consideration the establishment of a bureau of mines, the object of which, we understand, is the collection of official data concerning our mineral resources, and through a school of mines and otherwise to secure by special education and appliances the development of said resources; and

"Whereas the mineral wealth of the province is perhaps its most important feature and is beyond computation requiring only skilled effort to convert the crude ores into commercial returns; and

"Whereas the referred to school of mines, etc., can, and we believe will, as has been the experience of like schools elsewhere, affect advantageously the development of other natural resources:

"Resolved, that this board views with satisfaction the introduction of the referred to legislation and heartily endorses the spirit thereof; and

"That a copy of the foregoing be forwarded to Mr. Kellie, M. P. P., who has given notice that he will introduce into the legislature a resolution on the lines here indicated."

KOOTENAY NUGGETS.

Items of Interest from the Great Mining District.

Nelson Tribune.

A mica deposit has been discovered on the west side of Upper Arrow lake, at about three miles distance from the lake as the crow flies and five miles by trail. One of the discoverers, Mr. McWharrie, was in Nelson this week. He says that the deposit has been uncovered twenty feet, with neither wall in sight. Mr. McWharrie claims that there will be no difficulty in taking it out in blocks that will make a finished product 12 by 12 inches in size. In color the sample exhibited at Nelson was clear white. Mica is worth $600 a ton in manufacturing centres. The mine will be worked this winter.

William Kirkup, who is mining in the Big Bend country, was in Nelson this week securing a lease on the placer ground he is working. He said that the owners of the Gold Hill claim on French creek took out $2500 with four men in five weeks, and that, too, without touching bedrock. They were drifting in gravel. The Gold Hill claim is owned by Angus Beaton and Frank Vandall.

John King, one of the discoverers of the Dardanelles mine, in Kaslo district, and who is now working on the Cariboo, one of the Dardanelles group, under a lease, says that there is not enough of snow to rawhide ore to the wagon road, but that there is enough to make it disagreeable for miners working outside. The Cariboo lease, while not a big thing, is good for wages.

McKinnon and Kirkwood, who own several prospects on Ten Mile creek, Slocan district, were offered $20,000 for them on a bond, 10 per cent. cash. They refused the offer.

John A. Finch is about closing a deal for the Little Daisy, a claim on Eight mile creek, Slocan district. The price mentioned is $35,000. The ore is free milling gold.

The Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway has submitted, and the lieutenant-governor in council has approved, a new passenger and express baggage tariff, as follows: Passenger tariff, Waneta to Beaver, 50 cents; Beaver to Meadows, 50 cents; Meadows to Salmon, 50 cents; Salmon to Hall, 75 cents; Hall to Summit, 25 cents; Summit to Nelson, 35 cents; or Waneta to Nelson, $2.50. Excess bagge—Between stations, 14 cents a hundred pounds; between Waneta and Nelson, 60 cents.

The Vancouver World says: "We think all who know the gentleman will agree with us when we say that it is a most unfortunate trait in the character of Thomas E. Kitchen, M. P. P. for Chilliwack riding, that he cannot make even the briefest statement in the house of assembly without misrepresenting facts." Then, he is in no wise different from that other member, Mr. Davie, whose big toe the World kisses daily.

The Tribune Ainsworth correspondent writes: "As winter approaches mine owners begin to get a hustle on for the season's work. It now looks as though many new properties would be worked in the camp this winter, and most of them will ship more or less ore from this time on. It is reported here that the Pilot Bay smelter will commence operations about the middle of December. If it does, it will be of great benefit to our camp, as many of the properties here are owned by prospectors whose means are limited, but who will be able to develop their claims as soon as the smelter will take their ore and pay cash for it.

On the Mamie, No. 1 shaft is down about 60 feet, and good ore is being hoisted every day; No. 2 and 3 shafts also show good ore, and several carloads are already in the bin.

The Little Phil and Black Diamond joint tunnel is in about 450 feet, and a few more feet will probably tap the Little Donald high grade vein, when the present force will be increased and ore taken from the different drifts. At present there is ready for shipment in the ore house about 150 tons from No. 2 vein, which shows an average width of over seven feet of solid clean ore.

D. W. McVicar of the Nova Scotia company, has leased the Number One Mine and taken an option on the concentrator. He has already put about 20 men at work putting the mine in shape, it being his intention to do a vast amount of developing as fast as possible. George Harmon of Pilot Bay has taken the boarding house at the mine, and is now busy getting in supplies for winter.

Clarke and Carter expect to commence taking out ore about the first of December from the Highland.

D. F. Strobeck has commenced work on the Rand. He has some very nice ore out and expects to make a shipment as soon as the snow is deep enough to rawhide to the road.

A. A. McKinnon will commence work on the Annie May on December 1. He intends to be one of the first shippers to the Pilot Bay smelter.

A contract has been let in the No. 3 tunnel of the C. P. M. and M. Company's property, on Woodberry creek, to Jones and McLean, who are pushing it as fast as possible. Nos. 1 and 2 tunnels are being worked on company account. All are showing good ore. Superintendent Westby goes on December 1st for a few weeks vacation.

Charles Olson of the Ainsworth hotel sets the best table in West Kootenay.

DESPERATE ELECTION MOVES.

The London Contest Developed Some Queer Tactics.

The Advertiser thus Describes an incident of the recent provincial election contest in London:

The agents of Mr. Essery resorted to many desperate tactics to prevent electors from casting their votes for Mr. Hobbs, but the worst that has come to light is the treatment received at the hands of some well known people by John Morkin of King street. It is almost beyond conception. Morkin is the son of Mr. Edward Morkin, hotel-keeper of King street, and is 27 years of age. He was around the city on Monday, but the last seen of him was about five in the evening. His absence was noticed by his father, but nothing was thought of it till noon, yesterday, when Mr. Morkin, sr., was informed that his son was locked up in a house on the road to Hyde Park, in London township. James Morkin, Charles Sippi and about half a dozen other young men drove out to the house, and on their arrival was confronted by the hired man, who was in charge of the place. They were informed that no admission could be gained, and also that no person was inside, but the callers were not to be frustrated, and in a short time had the widow pried open.

Several rooms were entered, but no trace of John Morkin was found. Finally a room very securely locked was struck. The door was soon broken open and there was Morkin lying on the floor.

He was in a pitiful condition lying on his back with his hands fastened behind him with a stout breeching strap, while his legs were tied together with a heavy piece of rope.

To make escape impossible Morkin was tied to a stove, in which was a furious fire. Attempts to awake him were useless. He was released and brought to the city, and in about two hours recovered sufficiently to be carried to the polling booth.

Morkin's father demanded an open ballot, which was granted. He was then taken home and a physician called in.

It was found that Morkin's hands were badly swollen and his right arm was wholly paralyzed, and that he was in a critical condition. The doctor stated that had the patient been discovered two hours later he would have been suffocated.

In the room were also found a two gallon jar of whiskey, crackers and cheese, a pack of cards, several lamps, a table and some chairs.

Morkin was very low at midnight. His father intends to prosecute the parties as far as the law allows. All those connected with the outrage are known.

It is said that other voters were spirited away and imprisoned at the same place, but those in charge, hearing that Mr. Hobbs' friends were on the scent, transferred the victims to Hyde Park.

SEWER PIPE.

To the Editor:—On the 12th instant there was sanctioned by the mayor and aldermen the expenditure of $4000 for sewer pipes for which no tender whatever had been called and on which probably 40 per cent might have been saved if the matter had been attended to in an honest and business like manner. The council, however, is not satisfied with this little job, but they are now filling up the corporation yard with pipe that cannot be wanted in their term at prices to suit the Terra Cotta Pottery company and perhaps their own interest. Besides the sewers are nearly finished and no more pipes are required for the contract in hand. The prices paid for the pipes are kept a dead secret, and large amounts are being spent for unnecessary material while the city fathers cannot afford to pass a by-law on account of the expense for printing. Can it be that a shareholder of the Terra Cotta Company having been made a sewerage commissioner has something to do with it?

The day of judgment for the present council is now near at hand; but I consider it would be advisable to have a public meeting soon to stop the filling up of the corporation yard with sewer pipe that is not wanted and at prices almost double of the good article for no other visible purpose than to enrich the shareholders of the Terra Cotta Pottery Company.

RATEPAYER.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a constitutional remedy. It cures catarrh. Give it a trial.

The Best Medicine.

J. O. WILSON, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas, thus speaks of **Ayer's Pills:**

"Ayer's Pills are the best medicine I ever tried; and, in my judgment, no better general remedy could be devised. I have used them in my family and recommended them to my friends and employes for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge, many cases of the following complaints have been completely and

Permanently Cured

by the use of Ayer's Pills alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of Ayer's Pills, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above."

"I have been selling medicine for eight years, and I can safely say that Ayer's Pills give better satisfaction than any other Pill I ever sold."—J. J. Perry, Spottsylvania C. H., Va.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

Bank of British Columbia

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent.) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.

Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 28th November, 1894.

Fall and Winter Suits

$25.00

—AT—

CAMPBELL & CO'S,

The Leading Victoria Tailors,
88 Government Street.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 18 YEARS' TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by Regent Medicine Co. Before. After. Chemicals, Dr. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail in LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. eu29

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome **DEFORMITY**. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto.

CANADA

Coupon---Part 9.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents (12 cents if to be sent by mail), to the Times office, Broad St., Victoria, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per above number.

N.B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

MUNICIPAL.

Municipal Elections, 1895.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATION.

All persons wishing to qualify, under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1895, in accordance with clause E of section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the assessor's office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C., November, 1894.

NOTICE.

Fort street, between Douglas and Blanchard is closed to public traffic. By order

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Tuesday, October 23, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc8-tf

NOTICE.

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive Express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co,
18 Trounce Avenue. jo4

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to remove and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th day of January, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-1d

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. o31-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next sitting by George Meldrah for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in and upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, from James Wishart and G. G. Meldram to said G. G. Meldram.

Dated this 15th day of September, A.D. 1894.

JAMES WISHART.
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Carlo Bossi of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, situated at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, in the city of Victoria.

WILLIAM BAINES.

Victoria, B. C., November 7th, 1894

NOTICE.

is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Jean Coigdarripe of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1894.

n7-1m CHAS. MURISET.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting to be held in December for a transfer to John P. Schmidt of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail on the premises known as the Nickle Plate Saloon at No. 85 Government street, Victoria.

Victoria, November 12th, 1894.

THOMAS GARVIN.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Henry Harris of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1894.

n7-1m J. COIGDARRIPE.

FINAL NOTICE.

Re Estate William H. Paine, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of December, next; and notice is hereby given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria this 5th day of November, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street.

Solicitor for John Graham Cox, the executor.

NOTICE.

Re Estate of Peter Gerard, Deceased.

All persons having claims against Peter Gerard, late of the city of Victoria, deceased, are hereby required to send or deliver to the undersigned full particulars of their claims on or before the 7th day of December, 1894, after which date the executors will distribute the assets of the testator, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

H. G. HALL,
12 Bastion Square, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Executors.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 7th, 1894. n7-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR

Continued from Page 1.

London, in order to facilitate trade between the east and the west.

On the 5th instant an entertainment was given at the Kyoraku-kan restaurant at Shijoetori, Kyoto, in celebration of the Japanese victories in the present war. In the midst of the gathering of people, a bombshell was thrown from the outside, and exploding, wounded 64 visitors and two housemaids, more or less seriously.

The seventh session of the diet has been convened to meet in Tokio on Dec. 22. It is not anticipated that the proceedings will be so harmonious as those of the extraordinary session recently held at Hiroshima. The sole purpose of that gathering was to authorize war expenditures, and all domestic dissensions were allowed to rest by common consent. The loyal and patriotic purposes of the members having been definitely avowed, the opposition now considers itself free to resume its customary violent attitude toward the government. Only under an extreme influence, like that produced by the war, could the parliamentary quarrels be even temporarily laid aside. It is hoped that the attacks upon the administration will not be carried to such unlimited excess as has been displayed in former years, for the necessity of proclaiming another dissolution would be deeply regretted during the progress of hostilities with China; but the extreme radicals have often proved themselves determined to block the course of the government, no matter at what hazards, that the country has little expectation of their self-restraint on this occasion.

As previously reported the minister of foreign affairs recently sent a communication to the governor of the port of Kanagawa in which it was stated that Japanese subjects serving on board U.S. ships in Japanese ports must be regarded by the government as coming under the jurisdiction of the imperial courts, whenever charged with offences against the law. As this opinion is contrary to the position maintained by the United States, the question was brought up for diplomatic discussion. It now appears that the foreign minister had no intention to deliver an ex-cathedra judgment on the subject. The native newspaper which printed his letter to the local governor has been fined 20 yen for publishing private official documents without permission. In the course of the trial the prosecuting attorney remarked that "administrative officials were not concerned with questions of jurisdiction, and the correspondence under consideration conveyed only the individual views of the writers. The legal point at issue was in no way affected by the opinions expressed." The incident will therefore pass without further debate.

The emperor has sent from Hiroshima the following message to the army under General Yamagata:

"I am impressed by the loyalty and bravery with which you have overcome countless obstacles, and in your onward march have driven the enemy beyond the boundary of Corea, occupying his territory, and making yourselves masters of his important positions. Now the severities of winter are approaching. Take heed to your health, and bear yourselves so that future successes shall follow."

In connection with this address it may be mentioned that the surgeon-general reports that the troops actively engaged in Manchuria are in better average condition than at any previous time in the last four years. Contrary to the usual experience, illness is less common among the Japanese troops in the field than while the same men were in garrison service.

The popular contributions of the navy fund have reached three hundred and ninety thousand yen.

Japanese newspapers are amusing themselves by publishing maps of China in the partitioned condition it will assume after the war has had its full effect. Most of these maps represent Japan in possession of Formosa, the littoral province of Shing-ing, Chihli, Shang Tung, Kiangsu, Chekiang and Fuh Kien, and, as a rule, the viceroyalties of Shansi, Honan and Anwui. To England are assigned Kwangtung, Hunan, Hupeh and Shensi. To Germany Kwangsi, Kweicho and Hai-nan, and to France Yunnan, Szechuen and Kangsuh. The territory of Mongolia and nothing more is set apart for Russia.

Japanese divers have applied for permission to raise and repair the King Yuen and Chih Yuen, sunk in the fight off Taikosan harbor.

The movements of General Oyama's army corps may be summarized as follows: The landing began October 27th near the mouth of the Hwaiyan river, on the east coast of Liau Tung peninsula, about twenty-five miles from its southernmost extremity. No opposition was offered, and the troops were all brought on shore before the evening of the 30th. Detachments started southward on the morning of the 28th and in the afternoon the small town of Petsewo was occupied. Thenceforward the progress was steady and uninterrupted for a week. The inhabitants, after the first shock of surprise, mostly watched the strange soldiers with stolid indifference, though some villages were deserted in a panic, notwithstanding the efforts to reassure their occupants by the distribution of placards promising general protection and safety. A very few disturbances occurred, so trifling as to scarcely require mention. Several deserted camps were passed during the opening days of November, but no enemy was seen until the town of Kinchow, or Chin Chiu, was reached, on the 6th. A feeble show of resistance was made here, but this ceased after a skirmish of two hours, the Chinese flying precipitately. The position of Kinchow is significant from the fact that it stands at the narrowest point of the peninsula, where the distance from side to side is only about two miles. The harbor of Talien was approached on the 7th, the fleet under Admiral Ito co-operating in the movement for the reduction of this important station. Here again the enemy failed to strike a blow in defence. Some three thousand troops abandoned the forts and joined the garrison at Port Arthur, which is now believed to number ten thousand. The Japanese destroyed the torpedoes with which the harbor is lined, while the land forces occupied the works, which were profusely supplied with artillery and ammunition. Nothing now remains to be captured in Liau Tung but Port Arthur, the guarding post of the entrance to Pechili gulf. It is expected that any day may bring news of the conquest of this station, after which the way to Taku and Tientsin will be virtually open. The losses of the corps since debarking amount to only thirteen wounded. Eighty guns of large calibre are in the list of spoils.

A Chinese mine-boat used for laying torpedoes, seventy-five feet long, and worth twelve thousand yen, accidentally ran into the Japanese fleet near Talien, on October 27th and was captured.

No news of importance has been received from General Yamagata since last advices. His advance posts remain at Fanghwang, though detached columns have penetrated far into the interior and along the coast.

One of the latest dispatches from Tientsin announces that the foreign ministers are making preparations for united departure from Peking. Whether this is intended as a mark of dissatisfaction with the government or want of confidence in its power to protect the diplomatic corps, is not indicated.

That Great Britain has assumed an extremely threatening attitude toward China is asserted with great emphasis and directness by correspondents in Peking and Tientsin. The apparent neglect of the former power to demand reparation for the Chung King affront has never ceased to be a matter of surprise, but if the reports now current are well grounded, it is evident that the wrath of the English government has not slumbered for a moment. It was on August 2nd that a body of fifty or more armed Chinese soldiers boarded the British mail steamer Chung King while that vessel was lying at her wharf near Tientsin and committed a series of outrages upon several of the passengers on their way to Shanghai. These passengers were mostly Japanese officials of considerable rank. Among them were the consul at Tientsin and his family, and a number of attaches of the legation at Peking, all of whom were returning home in consequence of the declaration of war. Men and women were alike hustled from their rooms, bound, forced on shore, and at one o'clock in the morning dragged to an extemporized guard house in which they were confined till daylight, when they were brutally driven back to the steamer, after having been robbed of valuable articles of property. As a crowning act of insolence, the ruffians fired a volley of musketry over the ship's side. The circumstance that the sufferers from these acts of violence were Japanese did not especially concern the English authorities. Their business was to exact the atonement for the insult to their flag, and until within the past week it has not been publicly known that any steps towards securing redress had been taken. Now, however, we hear of formidable preparations for enforcing satisfaction. Admiral Freemantle has summoned the entire British fleet to meet at Shanghai, to await the arrival of a strong military force from India, the landing of which at Chusan is to be effected without delay. The British envoy is to demand the payment of a large sum of money, the degradation and dismissal of the chief local magistrate holding office at Tientsin and an avowal of regret accompanied by a salute to the flag from the guns of the Taku forts. If these conditions are not promptly fulfilled the troops and warships will commence reprisals. Startling as this intelligence sounds, it is repeated from various quarters, and on alleged official authority. The latest addition is that England has already strained a point in forbearance in consequence of the agitated condition of Chinese affairs, but a warning was given at the beginning of November that further extension of time could not be permitted, and that nothing but immediate and decisive action on China's part could avert a heavy retribution.

Extraordinary stories have been published to the effect that Major Von Hanneken was recently summoned to Peking by direct order of the emperor, whose purpose was to learn from him the exact truth of the present situation. So remarkable a deviation from precedent would naturally excite consternation among the court officials if there were any likelihood of its occurrence; but the fact appears to be that the foreign adviser's attendance was required by the Tsung li Yamen only, and that his business at the capital concerned only the members of that body.

Telegrams from Shanghai announce that the emperor has yielded to a demand from the Russian and French ministers that they be hereafter admitted in audience to the interior state hall of the palace, from which the agents of foreign powers have hitherto been excluded. The apartment allotted to messengers from tributary states has hitherto been considered suitable for diplomatic representatives.

Two of the French gentlemen who were seized by bandits in Tonquin some months ago, were released on October 25th. Their names are Chesnay and Legion. Madame Chaillet and her daughter and M. Cartere, also kidnapped, are still in captivity.

Japan has requested the Corean government to open for foreign visitation and trade the ports of Mok Pho, on the southwest coast of the province of Cholla Do, and Kok Won, on the Tai Tong river. Arrangements to this end will be carried out as soon as the disorders of the war are quieted.

OBJECTS TO THE ARREST.

Capt. Rice Thinks His Second Mate Illegally Arrested.

John G. Williams, first mate of the bark Detroit, was arrested by Provincial Sergeant John Langley on board the Detroit lying in the stream at Esquimalt. Williams was arrested on a warrant charging him with the theft of a double barrelled shotgun, valued at $45, from a man named J. J. Wilson. The alleged robbery took place in May, 1892. The arrest took place yesterday, and Williams was lodged in the provincial jail over night. Captain Rice, of the Detroit, says that Williams was arrested illegally. He was on board of an American bottom, and moreover was in charge of the bark, since the captain was absent at the time. Captain Rice claims that he has been put to a great deal of inconvenience as a result of the arrest; he cannot sail without a mate, according to the rules of the board of underwriters of San Francisco, and it is a hard thing to find a suitable mate at a moment's notice. He does not approve of Williams' action of theft—that is if he did steal the gun, which charge he denies—but thinks that the arrest was effected in an illegal manner and in contravention of international law. Williams was intimidated to come ashore, so the second mate of the Detroit alleges. The provincial police think that they have acted quite within their jurisdiction and consider that they would have been in the right to have taken Williams by force, if he had refused to come quietly. The case will come up in the provincial police court Saturday morning at 11. It is possible that exception may be taken to the arrest on the grounds stated.

FOOTBALL.

POLICE WILL INTERFERE.

New York, Nov. 30.—Superintendent of Police Byrnes has announced that he has given orders to stop the Princeton-Yale football game to-morrow if it proves to be anything else but a purely scientific contest. No brutality, he declares, will be tolerated.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

The following is the team that will play for the Y. M. C. A. against Victoria College at Beacon Hill to-morrow afternoon at 2:30: Goal, Brown; backs, Miller and Morris; half backs, Norris, Scott and Bland; forwards, Wheeler, Tite, Booth, Davey and Cuthbert.

MARRIED.

WARD-McDOUGALL—At the residence of Pastor P. H. McEwen, Belmont avenue, on the 29th of November, Robert William Ward to Sarah McDougall, all of Victoria West. No cards.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—T H Wheeler, J Milon, A McDermott, J Wilde, S Workman, Wm Riley, D McDowell.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—C Stradling, J Reed, J Reed, J Dickinson, J Harvey and wife, E W Miller, P Green.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—F Proctor, J Parsons, H W Moffatt, Officer Melton, W Wilson, R S Day, J Burns jr, R E Cooper, A E Macnaughton, A Reid, P Wollaston, R C Leonard, J F Garden, W E Drake, P Finnigan, D B Charleson, H Bowman, Capt Westerlund, C F Lindsay, T N Dinsmore, A A Shaw, R Brown, Hon M W Ephelstone, Mrs Nesbit, Harry T Brown, Thomas Desmond.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Lenz & Leiser, T W Fletcher, J H Todd & Son, Nicholles & Renouf, Ld, John Earsman & Co, E G Prior & Co, S Leiser & Co, B C D & C, S & B, W Bros, R & G, R & L, C S P, J F B & Son, W J Cusack, S L & Co, L Dickinson, F St Raitt, A & H, J Bros.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—C Russell, Armour & Co, D Spencer, G G Shaw & Co, Prov Pub Co, R Ward & Co, D Hutchison, F Norris, J Semmers, C E Redfern, Lenz & Leiser, order T B & Co, H Gribble, Canon Paddon, Findlay Durham & Co, N S keeper, Wilson Bros, Jno Earsman, S L, J A C, R Jamieson, H B Co, E G Prior & Co, W J Patterson, Weller Bros, J Piercy, T B Pearson, S Leiser, C Braund, Dr. A E Rocke, C Meredith, S Kirschberg, Mr Freeman, Horner & Co, Corporation of Victoria, S H E Co, G Everton, H B Co, S Marks, B C Com Journal, Taylor Mill Co, J Sehl, Canada Paint Co, A Banham, B C Cattle Co, B J Atkinson, D H Ross & Co, Johns Bros, J H Brown, S Bros, Jas Thompson, R Kenny, T Gurner, W Blackie, Dom Express Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound.—Teit & Co, Vic F Trade Co, J R Anderson, Canada Paint Co.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Our Facts

and your faith in us as sellers of choice groceries are the creators of business:—

New this Week
Ex Miowera

Australian Syrup in 2 4 and 7 pound tins—very nice.

Australian Rabbits.

Another Shipment of Sterling Tea.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,
Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

ASSIGNEE SALE.

If You Want Bargains in

Glassware, Tinware, Crockery

and many other similar articles call at GEORGE L. SIMPSON'S, Douglas Street. The whole of the stock has to be sold regardless of cost.

PERRY & TURNER

42 JOHNSON ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves, Tinware and Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights and Roofing. I.X.L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

Bring Them Together . . .

YOUR FEET AND OUR SHOES.

RUBBERS
RUBBERS
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RUBBERS
RUBBERS
RUBBERS

GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
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GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Cor. Government
And Johnson Streets.

OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.

Hams! Bacon! Hams!

MR. BANHAM having received to hand unexpectedly a choice assortment of Hams and Bacon, he is now prepared to sell them at hard times' prices. Choice Hams and Breakfast Bacon ranging from 10c to 12 1-2 c. per pound. Must sell my stock within the next few days. The trade supplied at special prices. A trial solicited. OPEN ON FRIDAY, 29th NOVEMBER.

A. J. BANHAM,
84 Douglas Street, between Johnson and Yates Streets.

WE PROPOSE GIVING

Extraordinary Inducements..

To purchasers during the coming month as we intend to clear out over

$10,000

Worth of Jewelry,

Etc., before the first of the year.

Our Sale

Will begin on

SATURDAY, DEC. 1st

And continue until the end of the month. This will be one of the greatest Jewelry sales ever held in the province, and where genuine bargains will be offered.

DAVIDSON BROS.,

THE JEWELERS,
59 GOVERNMENT ST.

Brief Locals.

—Gentlemen's fine shoes in lace or gaiter, $1.50. Marks, 8 Store street.

—Cold in the head—Nasal Balm gives instant relief; speedily cures. Never fails.

—At the meeting of Far West lodge, K. of P., to-night officers will be elected for the ensuing half year.

AUCTION OF FURNITURE
—ON—
Monday, December 3, at 11 a.m.

I have been instructed by Mrs. Hamilton Moffat, to sell by auction at her residence, Michigan and Oswego streets, James Bay, all the household furniture, viz.:

DRAWING ROOM—Parlor suite, easy arm chairs, in leather; mantel mirror, tea and occasional tables, what-not and ornaments, oil paintings, lithographs, M. T. tables, ottomans, lace curtains, carpets and rugs.

DINING ROOM—Mahogany sofa, extension dining table, pendant centre lamps, chairs, rocker, plate ware, cutlery, spoons, forks, clocks, glassware, brackets, lamps, flowers, music stand, fine hall heating stove, wire flower stand, oil cloth, etc.

BED ROOMS—The furniture of four bed rooms, consisting of bed room suites, bedding, chamber sets, carpets, etc.

KITCHEN—Fine Medallion range, dinner sets, white and gold tea set, crockery, enamel stew pans, tinware, meat safes, steps, hose, garden tools, etc.

Also a fine UPRIGHT COTTAGE PIANO by Chappell.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Portland or Halifax.

Allan Line, Laurentian	Dec. 8
Allan Line, Numidian	Dec. 22
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Dec. 13
Dominion Line, Oregon	Dec. 27

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	Dec. 1
Cunard Line, Etruria	Dec. 8
American Line, Berlin	Dec. 5
American Line, New York	Dec. 12
White Star Line, Majestic	Dec. 5
White Star Line, Adriatic	Dec. 12
North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Dec. 4
North Ger. Lloyd, Trave	Dec. 11
Anchor Line, Anchoria	Dec. 8
Anchor Line, Circassia	Dec. 22
Red Star Line, Westernland	Dec. 5
Red Star Line, Noordland	Dec. 12
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Dec. 29

Saloon fares from $40 to $80, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $28. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.